Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,538—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1912				
12th Jan.	PERSIA	8000		
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	OCEANA	7000		
2nd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
10th "	CHINA	8000		
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	EGYPT	8000		
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10000		
9th "	ARABIA	8000		
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
23rd "	*ARCADIA	7000		
29th "	PERSIA	8000		
30th "	MARMORA	10000		
6th April	MOOLTAN	10000		
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
20th "	MANTUA	11000		
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12000
4th May.	EGYPT	8000		
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
18th "	ARABIA	8000		

The above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 522 or Rs. 627	Rs. 783 or Rs. 940

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.
Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

ELLERMAN'S CITY & HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE)

Steamer.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about 1912	Due Bombay about 1912	Leave Karachi 1912	Leave Bombay about 1912
City of Birmingham	7000	1912	1912	1912	1912
City of Sparta	5415	----	----	13 Jan.	--
City of York	7810	----	8 Jan.	20 Jan.	1 Feb.
City of Glasgow	6529	13 Jan.	5 Feb.	27 Feb.	29 Feb.
Bradford Hall	5321	23 Jan.	16 Feb.	13 Mar.	--
City of Calcutta	7512	3 Feb.	26 Feb.	23 Mar.	25 Mar.
City of Athens	5594	20 Feb.	13 Mar.	6 Apl.	--
City of Vienna	4672	--	----	--	13 Apl.
City of Birmingham	7000	2 Mar.	25 Mar.	17 Apl.	--
City of York	7930	12 Mar.	4 Apl.	27 Apl.	29 Apl.
City of Sparta	5415	26 Mar.	19 Apl.	11 May	--
City of Glasgow	6529	10 Apr.	3 May	25 May	27 May

N.B.—Allows above steamers have second class accommodation except the s.s. City of Vienna, and Trafford Hall.

FARES	1st class Single	1st class Return	2nd class Single	2nd class Return
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To Marseilles	378	491	420	649
" London via Marseilles	653	1,051	489	839
" Liverpool	605	957	462	704

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess.

All steamers have Electric Light and Fan fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B.I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

JOINT SERVICE
in connection with
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

Marseilles, Naples, Genoa, Antwerp, Hamburg and Bremen. Through rates of passage money may be obtained.

Through Bookings to AMERICA in conjunction with the Cunard LINE.

For passages and full particulars apply to :—

Bombay :—Messrs. Ed. Bates and Sons, Agency.
KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ld.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,

BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.

GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted. Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
86 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer,	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route viz.
Dumra	1695	Thurs.	11th Jan.	9 a.m.	*C. M.
Linga	2184	Fri.	12th Jan.	6 A. M.	† direct.
Lhasa	2184	Mon.	15th Jan.	11 a.m.	‡ via P. D. & C. M.

*Cutch Mandvie.
†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
‡Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.]

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 11th Jan. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Palitana," 2998 tons, on Wednesday 10th January, calling at Veraval, Mangrol, Karachi Pasni, Gwadar, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3418 tons, on or about 25th January, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Landaura" 3358 tons on or about 13th January.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents, BOMBAY.

9th January, 1912.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Bregenz	3905	A. Petris	16th Jan. 1912.
Cleopatra	4039	E. Seberich	1st Feb. "
Habsburg	3979	D. Cosulich	16th Feb. "
Semiramis	3999	...	1st Mar. "
Bregenz	3905	A. Petris	16th " "
Cleopatra	4039	E. Seberich	1st April "
Habsburg	3979	D. Cosulich	16th " "
Semiramis	3999	...	1st May "
Bregenz	3905	A. Petris	16th " "
Cleopatra	4039	E. Seberich	1st June "

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about.
Persia	5895	S. Clinnak	26th Feb. 1912
Nippon	6350	E. Tarabochia	28th Mar. "
Vorwaerts	5960	R. Dannecker	27th April "
† Austria	7593	G. Raicich	28th " "
China	8017	P. Pavisich	28th May "
Fr. Ferdinand	6046	B. Cobol	27th June "

† Will not call at Karachi.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES. ACCELERATED LINE.

FIRST CLASS—

To Trieste or Venice	Rs. 530		
To Trieste or Venice and back	" 750		
To London via Trieste	" 579	to	644*
To London via Trieste and back	" 909	"	1,033*

SECOND CLASS—

To Trieste or Venice	Rs. 350		
To Trieste or Venice and back	" 525		
To London via Trieste	" 429	to	449†
To London via Trieste and back	" 633	"	723†

* Fares according to class of Railway.
† Fares according to Route on Railway.

ORDINARY LINES.

SALOON CLASS—

To Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450		
To Trieste or Venice and back	" 675		
To London via Trieste	" 529	to	594*
To London via Trieste and back	" 834	"	963*

* Fares according to Route and class on Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, by the St. Gothards, Tauren and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Societa Nazionale di Servizi Marittimi from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamers	Tons	Captains	To sail about
Vorwaerts	5990	R. Dannecker	24th Jan. 1912
Austria	7588	G. Raicich	6th Feb. 1912

For further particulars regarding passages apply to

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co.
52, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE)

BOMBAY to EAST and SOUTH AFRICA.

THE following steamers will SAIL :—

Steamers.	Tons.	Capts.	To Sail on or about
Markgraf	3630	Ihle	12th Jan. 1912.
Somali	2655	Kaech	22nd Jan. 1912.
Kanzler	3000	Schutt	3rd Feb. 1912.

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, DURBAN and CAPE.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co., Agents,
16, Medow Street, Bombay, 22nd December, 1911.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,750,000
Gold Reserve Fund	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	Do. HONGKEW
COLOMBO	MALACCA,	SINGAPORE
FOOCHOW	MANILA	SOURABAYA
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG	PEKING	ZLOILO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum asserted amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months at terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE :
4, Crosby Square, LONDON, E. C.

CALCUTTA OFFICE :
103, Clive Street, Calcutta.

BOMBAY OFFICE :
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,000,000
CALLED UP	£400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS :

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs. Brown, Shipley and Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris).
J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart,
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.,
Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart.
MATHURADASS GOCULDAS, Esq.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application:
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

ESTABLISHED, 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP	£400,000
RESERVE	£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE :—16, Charing Cross, London.

BRANCHES :—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted,
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.

CAPITAL (paid up)...Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in GOVT. PAPER) ... " 32,00,000

HEAD OFFICE :—ALLAHABAD.

BRANCHES.—At Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Lucknow, Bareilly, Jhansi, Nagpore, Jubbulpore, Nainital and Meerut.

SUB-AGENCIES :—Amritsar, Benares, Chandousi, Hathras, Moradabad and Sitapur.

Fixed Deposit, Current and Savings Bank Accounts opened on terms which can be ascertained.

Banking Business of every description transacted.

Copy of Rules may be had on application.

H. H. WHITE,
Agent,
Bombay Branch.
101, Hornby Road.

BOMBAY RACES.

GOERZ TRIEDER BINOCULARS.

No. 20. Linear magnification 6 x. Surface magnification 36 x. Actual field of view 6·7. Subjective field of view 40° ... ... Price Rs. 110.

No. 40. The extreme magnifying power of this glass renders it useful for all occasions where a distinct image of objects at great distances is required. It is the best glass for use in the Army and Navy or at Races, but is not suitable for the Theatre. Linear magnification 12 x. Surface magnification 144 x. Actual field of view 3.4°. Subjective field of view 40° ... ... Price Rs. 144.

GOERZ PAGOR BINOCULARS.

The smallest Prism glass. A Telescope in Opera size. Army and Sporting models. Small, handy and convenient in form, the "Pagor" may be easily carried in the pocket. Definition sharp and clear. Focussed in the same manner as the ordinary Opera glass by the rotation of a small wheel. x 8 weight 10½ oz. x 10 weight 11 oz, ... Price Rs. 122-8. and Rs. 133.

GOERZ NEO-TRIEDER BINOCULAR.

These glasses give increased Stereoscopic effect. Enlarged field of view, great illumination of the pictures. Focussed by rack and wheel. Right ocular separately adjusted to allow for inequality of vision, x 8 diameters Field of view. Actual 6.4° with leather case and slings. Weight 18½ oz. ... ... Price Rs. 122-8.

GOERZ HELI-TRIEDER BINOCULAR.

The features of this glass are increased stereoscopic effect and illumination. Enlarged field of view. Focussed by rotation of the oculars. Damp proof, specially constructed for India, x 8 diameters. Field of view: Actual 6.4° with leather case and sling. ... ... Price Rs. 122-8.

MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

MONGINI BROTHERS

HAVE JUST CLEARED A FRESH CONSIGNMENT

of "ALL GOLD" brand of California Fruit, in large 2½ lbs. tins, comprising the following selection :—

CLING PEACHES,
GREEN GAGE PLUMS,
ROYAL ANN CHERRIES,
APRICOTS,
BLACKBERRIES,
BARTLETT PEARS.

Re. 1 per tin, or in cases of two dozens assorted, Rs. 22-8 per case.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 850,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombassa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cents. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. W. J. K. HEGARTY,
BOMBAY Acting Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	... Yen.	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	... "	30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	... "	17,150,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906,
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.
HEAD OFFICE :
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs.	1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	"	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	"	3,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest, which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

"Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application."

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

RUSSO ASIATIC BANK.

Capital (Fully Paid)	Rbls.	35,000,000	= say £3,690,000
Capital (subscribed by the Imperial Chinese Government) Kouping Taels	"	3,500,000	= say £ 455,000
Reserve Fund	"	19,500,000	= say £2,055,000
			£6,200,000

HEAD OFFICE :—ST. PETERSBURG.
LONDON OFFICE :—64, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Askhabad	Hankow	Paris
Baku	Harbin	Peking
Batoum	Hongkong	Samarkand
Bokhara	Kashchi	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Tientsin
Calcutta	Moscow	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Newchwang	Yokohama
Colombo	Odessa	

And numerous other Branches throughout Russia and Siberia.

Current Accounts opened and interest allowed thereon at 2½ per cent per annum on balances up to Rs. 1 lac, above that by special arrangement. Fixed Deposits received on terms to be ascertained on application. Bills of Exchange purchased, Loans granted on approved security and all description of Banking business transacted.

D. FERNANDES & CO.,

PHARMACEUTICAL AND FAMILY CHEMISTS.
61, HORNBY ROAD,
OPP. WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & Co.,
BOMBAY.

FERNANDES' SPECIFICS.

CORN and WART CURE and TOOTHACHE DROPS will give instantaneous relief. Annas 8.
IODIZED SARSAPARILLA is a most invaluable Remedy for all disorders of the Blood. Re. 1-8 each.
CAMPHORATED MYRRH and CHALK DENTIFRICE Strengthens the Gums and renders the Teeth Pearly-white. 4 Annas an oz.
CAMPHOR COUGH and COLD BALSAM an invaluable cure for all affections of the Throat. 12 Annas.
RINGWORM SPECIFIC a sure Remedy Will destroy the worms and make the skin clean in two applications. Annas 8,
FEMALE PILLS Very effective. Largely recommended for Irregularities and Suppression. Re. 1-0 bottle.
CONTRA-FAT. A harmless and extraordinarily successful remedy for overstoutness. The Superfluous fact is expelled, persons treated by this cure get rapidly stronger. In severe cases of corpulency the reduction amounts to many pounds a week. Re. 3.
GENUINE HAIR GROWER. This mixture is a hair tonic, which if rubbed briskly into the scalp night and morning with the finger tips, will not fail to promote the growth of hair, to remedy baldness to restore grey hair to its natural colour and destroy dandruff. Rs. 3.
SANTALINE CAPSULES. A speedy and certain cure of chronic discharges. Re. 1.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

Tonic Pills and various other preparations.
RECOMMENDED BY THOUSANDS.
Prescriptions carefully dispensed by experienced hands.

THE CHEAPEST PHARMACY IN THE FORT.

Orders attended to promptly and executed at moderate rates.
TRIAL SOLICITED.

FOR X'MAS SEASON!

SPECIAL REDUCTION in this article of MACCARONI VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES in Boxes of 10 lbs. nett at Rs. 2 per box.
FRESHLY ARRIVED and now unpacked the following :—
DUTCH CHEESE BALLS in tin foil (cream de la cream) Rs. 2-14.
MUSCATEL RAISINS (Extra choice), in 3 lbs. boxes at Rs. 2.
IMPERIAL PLUMS, in 7 lbs. tin at Rs. 5-4.
FRESH MALAGA GRAPES (large size), in bulk.
Various other Brands of PROVISIONS and OILMANSTORES from the well-known High Class Houses.
Visit our STORES early and it will pay you with the fullest satisfaction in the purchase of your Stores.

AT

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.
THE ITALIAN STORES.
105, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s
ENERGICAL SYRUP
THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:
V. C. DASTUR & CO.,
PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

GRAHAM'S
FIVE CROWN PORT
An Old Tawny Dry Wine.

EXPERIENCE VS. TROPICAL DISEASE.

ASK any "old timer" a good thing for Fever, Ague or Influenza, and he will tell you to get "BATLIWALA'S" His experience has provided that Batliwala's beats the disease.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS
for pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc, etc. Re. 1-8 ans.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER
is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs.
Ans. 4, each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT,
cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch in a day.
Ans. 4, each.

Ask your dealer for BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS. Re. 1 each or from

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J.P.,
WORLI LABORATORY, Dadar, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE ARMY AND NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, Ld.,

of 105, Victoria Street, Westminster, London, S. W.

THE BOMBAY BRANCH of the SOCIETY will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY, the 10th instant (Public Holiday.)

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC are INFORMED that the following roads will be temporarily reserved for public purposes on WEDNESDAY, the 10th instant from 10-30 A. M. on the occasion of the DEPARTURE of THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES THE KING-EMPEROR and QUEEN-EMPRESS :—

Hornby Road,
Esplanade Road,
Apollo Bandar Road,
Lansdowne Road,
Strand Road,
Nowroji Furdunji Road,
Marewether Road,
Mandlik Road,
Ormiston Road,
Barrow Road,
Henry Road.

This Order is made under sub-section (4) of Section 23 of Act IV of 1902, with the sanction of Government.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.

Bombay, 6th January, 1912.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

ROYAL DEPARTURE.
10th JANUARY 1912.

THE PUBLIC are informed that unless invited to be present or holding tickets of admission, they will not be permitted to approach the Amphitheatre at the Apollo Bandar or its vicinity after 7 A.M.

Those invited or holders of tickets of admission are requested to take their seats at the Amphitheatre by 11-30 A. M.

All carriages from Malabar Hill and the west of the Island should come direct down Queen's Road and thence via Cooperage Road, Wodehouse Road and Lansdowne Road to the Amphitheatre.

The carriages of holders of Blue tickets (issued by the Undersigned) should pass down Lansdowne Road and drop their occupants at the barrier. They will then be parked in Nowroji Furdunji Road, Tulloch Road and Marewether Road (North.) The holders of Blue tickets will walk through the Gate in the barrier to the Reception Pavilion.

The Native Chiefs are advised not to bring their escorts with them as it will be impossible to allow them to take up positions near the Apollo Bandar.

Persons coming via Apollo Street should alight at the Museum Side after 11 A.M. and should walk thence to the Amphitheatre via Lansdowne Road. Their carriages will be parked in Apollo Street, Custom House Road and Elphinstone Circle.

The entrances to the Amphitheatre are numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6. Persons holding tickets for entrance No. 1 will be allowed through the barrier at the end of Lansdowne Road. Those for Nos. 2, 4, 5 and 6 should walk along Adams Street, to those entrances. Those for entrance No. 3 will enter the Amphitheatre direct from Lansdowne Road.

The Public attending on the occasion are requested to come as early as possible owing to the enormous amount of traffic that will pass down Lansdowne Road. They are also advised, when once their carriages have entered Lansdowne Road, to get out and walk to the Amphitheatre, in order that carriages may be driven round the end of Lansdowne Road as quickly as possible.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.

Bombay, 6th January, 1912.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th instant, that day having been declared a Public Holiday, under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 4th January, 1912.

THE FAUNA of BRITISH INDIA, including Ceylon and Burma, Published under the authority of the Secretary of State for India in Council. Medium 8vo., with Text Illustrations and Five Plates. FRESHWATER SPONGES, HYDROIDS and POLYZOA. 10s.

London: TAYLOR and FRANCIS, Red Lion Court, Fleet Street, Calcutta and Simla: THACKER, SPINK, and Co., Bombay. THACKER and Co., Ltd., Berlin. FRIEDLANDER and SOHN, Carlstrasse 11.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

ARRANGEMENTS AT
VICTORIA TERMINUS
ON THE 10TH JANUARY, 1912.

IN consequence of the ARRIVAL of THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES the KING-EMPEROR and the QUEEN-EMPRESS and HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR-GENERAL, at Victoria Terminus, on the morning of the 10th January, 1912, the usual entrance to Victoria Terminus from Hornby Road will be closed to the public from 8 a. m. to 12-30 p. m. Passengers desiring to enter the Station during this period will do so by the road leading to No. 6 Platform.

2. The Booking Office at the Main Entrance will be closed from 8 until 12-30 hours. A temporary Booking Office for First and Second Class Passengers by through Trains and for Local Passengers will be opened near No. 6 Platform. Third Class Passengers by through trains as also Local passengers will be booked from the Market End Office.

3. On the 10th January the No. 4 Up Poona-Bombay Mail Train will leave Poona at 8 hours instead of at 7 hours arriving Victoria Terminus at 13-15.

4. The following Local Trains will NOT RUN on the 10th January, 1912 :—

From Victoria Terminus.	From Kurla.	From Thana.	From Kalyan.
H.M.	H.M.	H.M.	H.M.
8-40 .... For	12-5 .....For	10-51 ... For	9-21 .....For
9-30 .... For	Victoria	Victoria	Victoria
Kurla.	Terminus.	Terminus.	Terminus.
11-57 ... For	13-26.....For		
Kurla.	Victoria		
11-10 ... For	Terminus.		
Kalyan.			

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 3rd January, 1912.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

A NEW THROUGH ROUTE
BETWEEN BOMBAY
AND PESHAWAR.

FROM the 1st of January, 1912, the Northern Express will run from BOMBAY to PESHAWAR via Ratlam, Mattra, Delhi, Bhatinda, Ferozepur Lahore and Rawalpindi to the following timings:—

DOWN JOURNEY.		UP JOURNEY.	
Bombay	Dep. 9-30 p.m.	Peshawar	Dep. 7-55 a.m.
Peshawar	Arr. 10-25 p.m.	Bombay	Arr. 8-20 a.m.

		Hours occupied on journey. H.	M.
Bombay to Delhi	...	27	30
,, Meerut	...	29	5
,, Saharanpur	...	30	59
,, Umballa	...	32	24
,, Bareilly	...	32	35
,, Bhatinda	...	33	21
,, Ludhiana	...	34	51
,, Ferozepore	...	34	58
,, Lahore	...	36	50
,, Kathgodam	...	37	30
,, Amritsar	...	37	59
,, Rawalpindi	...	44	31
,, Peshawar	...	48	55

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 29th December, 1911.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Frames, Sofas Chairs of latest Designs, made and supplied.—Chunkia, No. 6.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC are informed that the APOLLO BANDAR will be RESERVED, for public purposes, from 7 A. M. on the 10th January, 1912, on the occasion of the DEPARTURE from Bombay of THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES the KING-EMPEROR and QUEEN-EMPRESS.

This Order is made under Sub-section 4 of Section 23 of Act IV of 1902 with the sanction of Government.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.

Bombay, 6th January, 1912.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to 1 p. m. (B. T.) on THURSDAY, the 18th January, 1912, for the execution of works and SUPPLY of MATERIALS, noted below :—

1. For one year, from 1st March, 1912 to 28th February, 1913
2. For three years from 1st March 1912 to 28th February, 1915.

(a). Supply of Road Metal
(b). Supply of Sand.
(c). Supply of Sandstone excavated without the limits of the Island of Bombay.
(d). Lighting of the Municipal Markets.
(e). Maintenance of Kerosine Oil Lamps, lamp-posts &c.

2. Forms of Contract and all other particulars can be obtained free of charge on application to the Undersigned.

3. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
JAMES W. MACKISON, B. Sc., A.M.I.C.E.,
Executive Engineer,

Executive Engineer's Office,
Bombay, 8th January, 1912.

THE BANK OF BURMA Ld. (IN LIQUIDATION.)

THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED at the General Meeting of Depositors and Shareholders of the Company held in Bombay on the 23rd November last hereby give notice that they intend to CLOSE on the 15th January, 1912, the Registration with Messrs. Little & Co. of Shareholdings and of the claims of Depositors and Creditors of the Company and the collection of further funds.

With reference to the Liquidators notice recently appearing in the newspapers calling on the Creditors of the Company to lodge their claims with the Liquidators the Committee hereby give notice that they have instructed Messrs. Little and Co. to forward to the Liquidators the requisite particulars of all creditors who have on or before the said 15th January, 1912, registered their claims with Messrs. Little and Co on behalf of the Committee and paid the contribution authorised by the General Meeting to be collected by the Committee and that consequently such creditors need not themselves send their claims to the Liquidators or take any further steps unless notified that they are required to do so.

SOHRAB R. DAVAR,
Hon. Secretary
to the Committee.

Bombay 5th January, 1912.

CAUTION.

WHEREAS it has come to the knowledge of our clients MESSRS HEPTOOLLA SALAYBHOY and Co., Shipchandlers, Hardware, Merchants and General Contractors, of Abdool Rahman Street, Bombay, that certain dealers have imported and have been selling in Bombay and other parts of India, leather belting having on them the mark of a bull with the words "Ox Tanned" under it in imitation of our said clients well known mark of a bull's head with the words "Bull Brand" which is known by the name of "Godha Chhap." NOTICE is hereby given on behalf of our said clients that leather belting stamped as aforesaid with the head of a bull and the words "Ox Tanned" thereon is not the belting of our clients selection and guarantee. Notice is hereby further given that civil and criminal proceedings will forthwith be instituted and vigorously proceeded against all such importers and dealers in toe leather belting importing and dealing in leather belting having thereon the head of a bull with or without the words "Bull Brand" which may be the colourable imitation of our clients aforesaid well known trade mark known as "Bull Brand" or "Godha Chhap."

Dated this 8th day of January, 1912.

BICKNELL MERWANJI & ROMER
Attorneys for
Messrs. Heptulla Salaybhoy & Co.

BANK OF BURMA LIMITED, (IN LIQUIDATION.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the creditors of the above named Company, which is being WOUND UP VOLUNTARILY, are required, on or before the 29th day of February, 1912, being the day fixed for the purpose stated by the Undersigned, to send their Names and Addresses, and the particulars of their DEBTS or CLAIMS, and the Names and Addresses of their Attorneys, if any, to A.F. FERGUSON and E.R. HOLDSWORTH, the Liquidators of the said Company, 5 Phayre Street, Rangoon, and if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidators to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

A. F. FERGUSON and E.R. HOLDSWORTH,
Liquidators.

Rangoon 21st December, 1911.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED AND CONFISCATED GOODS, belonging to the Government Customs Department.

In accordance with sections 88 and 119 of the Sea Customs Act VIII of 1878, under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Town Custom House, THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 9th inst., at 2 p.m. (S. T.), the following unclaimed and confiscated goods provisions, soap, incubators, paper made status, medicine oil sago flour, steel bars, deck chairs planks, 15 drums stop damp (paint), glassware, printed matter, toolsead and other miscellaneous goods, &c.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 9th January, 1912.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
31, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

TO COLLECTORS OF CURIOUS AND WORKS OF ART.

AN UNUSUALLY INTERESTING AND RARE COLLECTION OF OLD CHINESE BRONZE-WARE AND PORCELAIN CONSISTING OF

Very rare and valuable hand chased large bronze kongs; quaint incense burners, perforated and chiselled grotesque sacrificial and ceremonial vessels, old bronze and brass bells, rare specimens of famille verte, famille rose, sang-de-bosuf, blue and white, and three and five coloured porcelain of old periods, precious jade articles, snuff bottles, artistic wooden carving, and a host of other porcelain and bronze and brass works of art,

Will be offered for sale
BY PUBLIC AUCTION
by the Undersigned
At their Sales Room,
21, Medows Street, Fort.

On TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 16th and 17th January, 1912.

The sale to commence at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.)

The goods are on view.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 9th January, 1912.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOMBAY RACES.
14TH, 17TH, 19TH, 21ST AND 24TH FEBRUARY, 1912.

OWNERS are reminded that FIRST ENTRIES CLOSE on TUESDAY, 9th January, 1912.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.
Bombay, 4th January, 1912.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT,
THE CALCUTTA ROYAL PICTURES
including
THE ROYAL CUP RACE.
Our Second Success.
NOTRE DAME DE PARIS.
A perfect picture of Victor Hugo's famous novel.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

SKATING RINK.

OPEN DAILY.
PRACTICE SESSION :—8 to 9 A. M.
Ladies only :—9-30 to 10-30 A. M.
EVENING SESSION :—6 to 8.
BAND EVERY TUESDAY and THURSDAY.
NIGHT SESSIONS :—SATURDAYS only, 9-30 to 11-30.
BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

MUSIC, MUSIC.

S. ROSE and Co., FORT, BOMBAY.

SONGS WORTH SINGING.

Two Songs { a Stars / b Adoration }	Db Eb (Eb-F) F	Jos Adams.
Wilt thou be my Dearie		
Eb F (F-F) G	...	A. W. Marchant.
I call thee love as in a Dream		
Ab Bb (D-E) C	...	Seymour Ellis.
One and Twenty Eb (Bb-Eb) G	...	J. Fraser.
The World is at Rest		
F. G (D-E) Ab Bb	...	Daisy W. Gunn.
Two Songs { a Tis not Inconstancy / b The Rainbow }	2 keys C. Pastons	Cooper.
Love's Atonement Bb (F-F) C	...	Bothwell Thomson
Mignonette Eb F (C-F)	...	Seymour Ellis
One Yale More D. F.	...	Octave Cremiax
The Yachtsman's Bride		
Bb (Bb) D C	...	Joscelyn Noel.
The Birth of a Rose C. (C-E) Eb.	...	Harold Douglas.
Dreams of the Summer Night		
High and low voice	...	C. B. Hawley.
Only a Flower C.D (C-E) Eb	...	Seymour Ellis.
Give a man a Horse he can ride		
G. A (D-F) B	...	Lambert.
There's Love in the Land		
E. (C-F) F	...	Karoly Klay.
Life Short Tale C. (A-E) D.	...	Ed. Lemare.
Only to Love you Bb C (E-F) Eb.		Arther Godfrey.
Ossoh Peasant Song D. (A-D)	...	Percy Godfrey.
Good's Minstrel Db Eb (Bb-F)	...	Gh. Marshall.
Primrose C. Eb (D-F) F	...	Seymour Ellis.
Where Violets Grow		
Bb C (D-D) Eb	...	Seymour Ellis.
For you alone Db.		
Eb. F (D-G) G	...	Henry E. Geehe.
Rose of my Heart C. (C-E) D	...	Howard Fisher.
Golden Broom Tne (Bb-F)	...	Ch. Braun.
My Loves Love me to-day		
Eb-F (F-F) G	...	Adela Verne.
The Star of Home		
Bb C. (D-E) D. Eb	...	Alan Baird.
Bring me Red Roses		
Eb. F (C-D) G. A.	...	Seymour Ellis.
For you alone Db. Eb (C-F) F. G.		Henry E Geehe

(Sig Caruso's Great English Song.)

COMPLETE WITH WORDS AND MUSIC.
PRICE Rs. 1-4 EACH.

SACRED SONGS—

A Voice from Paradise D. Eb		
(D-E) F	...	Seymour Ellis.
Son of my Soul C. D (B-D) F.	...	Jos. Adams.
My Kingdom F. G (D-E) Ab	...	Jos. Adams.
The Nazarene C. D (C-D) F.	...	Jos. Adams.
The Lord is my Shepherd D. F...		Jos. Adams.
Thy will be done		
C. Db (D-Eb) Eb	Francis Bohr.	

PRICE Re. 1-4 EACH.

SEND FOR
S. ROSE & Co's.
COMPLETE LIST OF VOCAL MUSIC.

NEW MUSICAL COMEDY OPERAS.

The Count of Luxembourg ...	by	Lehar
Peggy...	,,	Leslie Stuart
The Quaker Girl	,,	Lionel Monckton
The Balkan Princess... ...	,,	Paul Rubens
A Persian Princess	,,	Sidney Jones
Pallen Fairies	,,	Ed. German
The Girl in the Train ...	,,	Leo Fall
The Dashing Little Duke ...	,,	Seymour Hicks
Our Miss Gibbs		Caryll and Monckton
The Islander...		P. M. Faraday
The Belle of Brittany ...		Howard Talbot

VOCAL SCORES (words and Music Complete) Rs. 4-8 each.
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THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER Oscar Strauss
VOCAL SCORE Rs. 6 PIANO SCORE Rs. 3-0
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WALTZ and Lancers Re. 1-12 each.

POPULAR WALTZES—
BEING PLAYED EVERYWHERE.

Luxembourg Waltz	by	Franz Lehar
Miette	,,	Ralph Raymond
Kiss of Spring	,,	Walter Rolfe
Songe d'ete	,,	T W Thurban
Valse Septembre	,,	Felix Godin
Saints and Sinners	,,	Gordon Dawson
The Druids Prayer	,,	Do.
Sunurun	,,	V Holisender
The whirl of the waltz ...	,,	Paul Lincke
Remembrance	,,	Archibald Joyce
Aurora waltz	,,	Julian Kandt
The Girl in the Train... ...	,,	Leo Fall
Vision of Salome	,,	Archibald Joyce
Gold and Silver		Lehar
Peggy Valse	,,	Leslie Stuart
The Quaker Girl	,,	Lionel Monckton

EACH WALTZ Re. 1-4.

TWO STEPS :—

Pas sur la Bouche	by	A Sablan
Amina	,,	Paul Lincke
Bill Simmons...	,,	G A Spink
The Sweeps Intermezzo ...	,,	Paul A Rubens
Way-down in Colon Town ...	,,	Max Hoffmann
The Cookney Band	,,	Aug Valent se

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and all New Music as published is obtainable from

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BOMBAY.

CLARKES B. 41. PILLS

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills time cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

AUSTIN MOTOR CAR.—The Car that has come to stay. It is a recognized public utility, and as indispensable as the Telephone or a Sewing Machine. Call and let us explain its merits. Lists free from the Sole Agents :—THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Fort Bombay.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Re. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '50 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 3/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of Bombay Gazette Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes :—9½ inch by 4¼ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 8¼ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (if printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 3 per 1,000 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 2½ per thousand If printed on flap, Re. 4 per thousand.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work Binding Stationery, etc.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts, Apply to the Manager, The Bombay Gazette Electric Press

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Six Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 3 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

"THE EMPIRE,"—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

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Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
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PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
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THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
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WORLD'S GREATEST PLEASURE

is to enjoy the advantages of a perfect health. Many young men often betake themselves to various vices, that break down the health, and very soon render them, fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing?

ATANK NIGRAH PILL

is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases, resulting from youthful indulgence. It tones up the entire nervous System.

It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and stopping wet dreams.

It is invaluable in weak digestion and constipation. In short it supplies everything what a man should have.

PRICE—Re. 1 for a box of 32 pills.
Write to day :—
VAIDYA SHASTRI,
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
Kalbadevi, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ltd.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette" Office

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BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with
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SARSAPARILLA
"We cannot speak too highly of it."—Lancet.
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
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WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS
A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
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DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.
DR. DE ROOS'
WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ
Or, LIFE DROPS.
The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.
This extraordinary Medicine acts directly on the Nervous Centres, strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency or the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should take immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.
Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Disease of the Urinary Organs. Price 2s. 9d.
Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 1s.6d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.
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Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.
DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 48 Bedford Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for DE ROOS' Medicines.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES :

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manila
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Oita
Calcutta	Singapore	Yiotto
Madras	Malacca	Hongkong
Rangoon	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Canton.
Colombo	Klang (F. M. States.)	Foochow
Amritsar	Seremban (F. M. States.)	Shanghai
Penang	Penang	Tientsin
Calcutta	Batavia	Hankow
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THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue, TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.
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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.
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INSURANCES.

STANDARD
LIFE OFFICE.
ESTABLISHED 1825.

CLAIMS PAID	£ 28,590,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS	12,750,000
ANNUAL REVENUE	1,525,000
BONUS DECLARED	8,170,000

A Reversionary Bonus at the rate of 1¼ per cent (or Rs. 15 per Rs. 1,000 assured) per annum, has been declared for the five years ended 15th November, 1910.

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS at English Rates, CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS and EDUCATIONAL ANNUITIES with return of all premiums in the event of child's death.

For full information apply to
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THE
ORIENTAL
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COMPANY LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1874.
FUNDS OVER RS. 3,75,00,000
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
LOW PREMIUMS.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS.
PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.
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TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines Bombay.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

FOR SALE.

ALL the LINEN and BEDDING, used by Their Imperial Majesties and Suite in the Royal Train, during the Royal Tour in India; also all the CROCKERY, &c., in the Royal Train, will be FOR SALE after Their Imperial Majesties' arrival in Bombay, at 12 Noon, on the 10th January. The same can be seen in the Royal Train at Victoria Terminus. Intending purchasers should apply to

Major E. D. MONEY, C.I.E.,
Asst. Military Secretary to
H. M. the King-Emperor,
Government House, Bombay.

FOR SALE :—

9.	16 by 16 SINGLE-POLED TENTS at...	Rs. 354 each.
12.	12 by 12 SWISS COTTAGES at...	Rs. 208 each.
2.	12 by 12 HILL TENTS with Bath-rooms at...	Rs. 104 each.

The Tents are lying at the Secretariat, Bombay. Apply

Major H. W. BERTHON,
Political Department, Secretariat.

WANTED.

SMART NATIVE FOREMAN, for our Motor Repair Department. Good pay to a thoroughly competent man. Apply with copies of testimonials to —

SIMPSON & CO.,
Motor Engineers, Madras.

AN ENGLISH NURSE would give services for passage home in February. Good Sailor. Excellent references. Nurse 17, Fort Road, Peshawar.

H. GOPAL,
Bar.-at-Law,

AMUSEMENTS.

"STAY! LET US HOLD SWEET CONVERSE."

It may have escaped your notice! someone may have told you different, or again you Perhaps never gave it a thought:— Still! there is the fact:—

THE EXHIBITION OF

OLD BOMBAY.

Grows more popular every day. Take Sunday for instance:— A record crowd the biggest crowd yet, why? Exhibition you don't know "why." If you have the answer is easy.

To-Day's PROGRAMME TUESDAY, 9th January 1912. MASSED BANDS in the GREAT

STADIUM.

AFTERNOON at 4-30.
Hockey Match
Hornets versus 10th Battery R. F. A,
EVENING at 9-45.
PERFORMANCE BY MASSED MILITARY BANDS.
Special selection..."1812" with gun effects.
RIDE BY THE ROYAL HORSE ARTILLERY.
Daring equestrian evolutions.
Thrilling Cavalry charge over burning hurdles.....a magnificent sight.

THE MOUNTAIN RAILWAY still crowded nightly.
Ditto, The Joy Wheel.
Cake Walk, same thing.
Why?—ask the chap who's been
Admission 8 Annas.
Come early, The Restaurants are ready to serve you with Dinner or a snack.
HOW ABOUT THAT
FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL,
Special!
Next Sunday night in Stadium.
COLOSSAL FIREWORK PROGRAMME,
To conclude with monster scene.
The eruption of MOUNT VESUVIUS, and the destruction of the ANCIENT CITY OF PONPEII.
The preparation of this marvellous conception has taken the whole time of six men for the past two weeks,
Make early arrangements.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

MONDAY EVENING.] [8TH JAN. 1912.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Imported
	Rs.		
229 Bars Silver..	5,25,000	London	Hongkong Bank
77 Bars Silver..	1,50,000	do	Yokohama Bank
396 Bars Silver..	9,00,000	do	Mercantile Bank
1 Box Silver.			

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 5th Jan., 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	19	34,128
B B and C I Railway ...	17	20,088

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—

The market opened steady at 1s. 4 1-8d. T. T., is 4 1-8d. on Demand, and 1s 4 11-32d. for 3 months' sight credits. There has been little enquiry for Bank wire and 1s. 4 3-32d. T. T. is now the best obtainable. Private bills continue scarce. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote:—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 3-32d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-8d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 11-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 5-16d. 27 Jan.
Do. do France	...171 3-4
Do. do Marks	...139 3-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...137 1-2
Shanghai "	...183
Japan "	...149 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—

The market opened at 95 11-16 for Cash and the Settlement, but has declined 3-16 during the day closing as under. Only a very moderate business is reported.

We quote:—

Cash	Rs. 95 8 0
Settlement	" 95 8 0

BULLION:—

On Saturday Bar Silver in London closed unchanged at 25 5-16 for ready, and for delivery in two months. New York was also unchanged at 55. The local market opened rather easier at 64 1-16 for ready bars, but has remained steady during the day. Bar gold is steady.

We quote:—

English Bar Gold	Rs 23 15 0
Australian "	" 23 15 6
Sovereigns "	" 15 0 0
Silver Ready ex-duty ...	" 64 1 0
" 1st Settlement ...	" 64 1 0
" 2nd Settlement ...	" 64 3 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

There was a further fairly sharp advance in the American market on Saturday's closing, but though prices this morning in the local market opened Rs. 1 to Rs. 2 higher than Saturday's closing quotations, the tone of the market was quiet and there was little enquiry for contracts. Exporters were sellers. At Colaba the rate for good Broach declined to Rs. 259, but after a firm Liverpool opener closed as under, though there was no life in the market.

Ready cotton is easier and the enquiry at Colaba was moderate.

QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.			
Fine M. G. Broach	Rs.	269	March
Good M G Broach	"	260	"
Fine M G Wardha Hinganghat	"	261	Jan.
Fine M G Nagpur	"	259	"
Fine M G Dhamangaon ...	"	255-6	"
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola ...	"	253-4	"
Fine M G Khandeish	"	244	"
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	"	234	"
Fine M G Bengal	"	244	"
F. G. H. G. Bengal	"	234	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER:—

Opening Tone ...	...	Firm.
Estimated Sales ...	...	10,000 bales
Total imports ...	...	21,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.
5·13	5·15	5·17
+05	+05	+05
Apl-May.	May-June	June-July.
5·19	5·22	5·23
+05	+06	+05
July.-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct
5·26	5·27	5·27
+06	+07	+07

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—

The market is steady for ready but continues irregular for forward, opening at Rs. 12-0-6 B.T.

We quote:—

Ready ...	Rs.	13 0 0	B.T.
April.-May ...	"	12 1 6	B.T. Irregular

RAPESEED:—

The market is steady. We Quote:—

Brown Cawnpore ready ...	"	8 10 0	B.T.
Yellow Gusarat ready ...	Rs.	9 2 0	B.T.
Brown Delhi A.-M. ...	"	8 5 6	B.T.

GINGELLYSEED:—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—			
Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	55 8 0	
Ready White Gulburga ...	"	55 0 0	
Red Jubbalpore ...	"	50 8 0	
Black Kutni ...	"	48 0 0	
Yellow Hingunghat ...	"	57 8 0.	

POPPYSEED:—

Tone—Steady. We quote:—			
Ready ...	Rs.	11 6 0	B. T.
Forward ...	Rs.	11 5 0	R. T.

CASTORSEED:—

Tone—Steady. We quote:—			
Ready ...	Rs.	36 0 0	
Forward ...	"	7 2 6	B.T.

COTTONSEED:—

Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote:—			
Ready.	Rs	26 0 0	

GROUNDNUTS —

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—			
Bold... ...	... Rs.	42 0 0	

MOWRASEED:—

Tone—Steady.			
Ready ...	Rs.	7 5 0	B. T.

WHEAT:—

The market is steadier. We quote:—

White Pissi ready 85 p.c.	Rs.	5 2 0	R. T.
" Delhi A.-M. ...	"	5 4 6	"

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay		1,795
Bank of India		67 1-2
Bombay Merchants' Bank Ld ...		9 1-4
Eastern Bank		80
Indian Specie		50

MILLS.

David		416 1-4
Kohinoor		757 1-2
Manockji Petit		2,727 1-2 Feb
Standard		1,155

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...		152
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...		177
Bombay S N Co Ord.		232 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill		1,210
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...		17 1-4

RAILWAY.

Tapti-Valley 520

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Saturday:—

Cotton	3,118	bales
Wheat	9,740	owts.
Linseed	576	"
Rapeseed	104	"
Gingellyseed	7,048	"
Poppyseed	503	"
Groundnuts...	6,400	"
Castorseed	4,288	"
Rice	23,667	"
Myrabollams	3,339	"
Cottonseed	18,047	"
Mowrasseed	NR	
Gram	11,547	"
Joowar	647	"
Maize	10,174	"

BANK OF BOMBAY.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ended 6th January 1912, as compared with the statement for the week ending 29th December 1911:—

LIABILITIES.	Dec. 29. Rs.	Jan. 6. Rs.
Capital ...	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund ...	1,06,00,000	1,06,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office ...	1,07,89,294	1,14,44,331
Public Deposits at Branches ...		
Other Deposits ...	11,06,81,465	10,79,56,389
Post Bills ...	2,507	7,075
Sundries ...	25,28,300	22,18,727
	14,46,01,566	14,22,26,522
ASSETS.		
Government Securities ...	2,07,05,274	2,22,42,586
Other authorised Securities	1,69,259	1,69,259
Credits on Govt. and other authorised Securities ...	1,29,79,223	1,32,62,662
Loans do. do. ...	3,36,29,703	3,23,87,287
Bills discounted and purchased ...	2,66,96,737	2,84,67,023
Dead Stock ...	2,50,996	2,25,997
Stamps ...	7,313	7,265
Bullion ...	6,88,768	6,57,065
Balances with other Banks.	21,46,813	24,09,454
Sundries ...	10,23,328	3,54,987
Cash ...	4,63,09,347	4,20,42,937
	14,46,01,566	14,22,26,522

BANK OF BENGAL.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 2nd Jan. 1912, as compared with the statement of 21st Dec. 1911:—

LIABILITIES.	Dec. 21. Rs. a. d.	Dec. 2. Rs. a. p.
Capital paid up.	2,00,00,000 0 0	2,00,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund ...	1,79,00,000 0 0	1,79,00,000 0 0
Public Deposits, &c ...	2,28,59,900 13 1	2,50,63,117 1 9
Other Deposits, &c ...	16,94,53,197 12 9	16,93,50,259 11 1
Bank Post Bills, &c...	7,57,599 11 5	11,70,538 6 1
Sundries ...	18,44,002 4 2	26,19,634 2 10
	23,28,54,630 9 5	23,61,03,549 5 9
ASSETS.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Govt. Securities	2,52,10,000 0 0	2,49,62,270 0 0
other authorised Investments ...	72,19,243 0 0	71,97,543 0 0
Loans on Govt. & other authorised Securities	3,30,24,453 3 9	3,63,94,625 3 3
Accounts of Credit on do ...	4,47,96,753 15 7	4,51,80,057 2 11
Bills discounted, &c ...	3,79,93,477 5 3	3,70,11,637 10 9
Balances with other Banks ...	30,83,150 13 10	24,96,433 14 9
Bullion ...	.....	.....
Dead Stock ...	22,07,128 13 5	22,00,552 5 7
Stamps ...	13,354 9 6	12,970 12 3
Sundries ...	61,679 15 1	7,22,504 13 4
Cash, &c., at...	15,36,09,251 12 5	15,61,78,594 14 10
Head Office...	7,92,45,378 13 0	7,99,24,954 6 11
Cash, &c., at... Branches ...		
	23,28,54,630 9 5	23,61,03,549 5 9

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	
Government Balance at Head Office ...	14,09,561	Decrease.
Government at Branches ...	35,72,777	Increase.
Other Deposits ...	1,02,988	Decrease.
Post Bills ...	4,13,009	Increase.
ASSETS.		
Bank's Investments...	2,69,430	Decrease
Loans...	33,70,172	Increase.
Accounts of Credit ...	3,33,304	Do.
Mercantile Bills ...	9,81,840	Decrease.
Cash at Head Office ...	40,56,744	Do.
Do. at Branches ...	47,36,320	Increase.

Percentage 40·32.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JAN. 8.

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—5 cwts curry powder, H Muncherjee and Sons; 9 packages moozmats and curiosities, B J Bhungara; 70 cwts cascin, The Imperial Dairy Co; 14 bales carpets, King King and Co; 18 cwts chutney, N K Jessawalla; 2,000 cwts grams Ralli Bros; 11 bales skins, R M Kooka; 9 cases, brasseware curtains, L B Bhootwalla; 119 cwts condiments, D D Framji and Co; 150 bales hemp, S Surajmal and Co; 26 bales carpets, S Megjee; 86 cwts fishmaws, A Hussein and Co; 9 bales hides, N Kassum; 24 bales hides, H A Oomer, 62 bales hides, W and A Graham and Co; 15 bales hides, V Esmail and Co; 149 cwts deer horns, 22 cwts wax, 2 cwts shell lac, J M Rahimtoola and Co; 585 cwts raisins, 135 cwts cashewnuts 6 pots rose oil, M Jaferbhoy; 50 cases tea, King King and Co; 155 dry ginger, V Haridas; 33 tons oil cake, A Morita and Co; 110 bales skins etc. E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR HULL.

Toronto s—1,875 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji; 2,375 cwts cottonseed, A Khimjee.

FOR BOSTON.

Persia s—4 bales carpets, King King and Co

FOR NEW YORK.

Persia s—2 bales carpets, King King and Co; 3 bales carpets, Gleming Shaw and Co.

FOR GENOA.

R Rubattino s—4,000 cwts gingellyseed, Volkart Bros; 125 cwts olibanum, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR NAPLES.

R Rubattino s—50 bales cotton, H Goculdas and Co.

FOR VALETA.

Persia s—56 bales cotton, S J David and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Barenfels s—562 cwts myrabollams, P Mathooradas and Co; 37 cwts animal guts, Ad Meyer.

FOR ABERDEEN.

Detmold s—1,200 tons bone meals, Hollinghurst and Co.

FOR ODESSA.

Bregenz s—65 cwts olibanum, J Nurbheram and Co; 50 cwts gum, J Dossa.

FOR TRIESTE.

Bregenz s—100 cwts olibanum, J Murbheram; 114 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.

Bregenz s—25 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Himalaya s—100 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons; 15 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co.
Ceylon Maru s—408 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Ceylon Maru —1,100 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.
Himalaya s—350 bales twist, C Bomconjee and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Ischia s—70 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR KOBE.

Ischia s—655 bales cotton, Raili Brothers.

FOR OSAKA.

schia s—200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATIONS.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Tenerriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 8th January, 1912.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey ...	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran ...	8	1	20 p.m.	1	25
Suez ...	8	12	55 p.m.	1	53

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Morocco are subject to very great delay and can only be accepted at sender's risk. (18-8-11.)

Telegrams for all places in interior of China, excepting stations on the coast, booked by routes other than Bhamo, can be accepted at sender's risk. (25-10-11.)

Bhamo route to China is entirely closed to traffic at present (1-11-11).

Until further notice telegrams (code) for Turkey cannot be admitted (13-10-11).

Italian administration notify that telegrams for Tripoli are admitted only in plain language and at sender's risk. As an exceptional measure short telegrams in cipher or code language are also admitted if forwarded via Italy and those concerned deposit two copies of their code, one at the telegraph office at Rome and the other at the Tripoli Telegraph Office (20-10-11).

It is further notified that the maximum number of words which can be sent in code or cipher telegrams is fixed at twenty-five (24-10-11).

Ramkrama line interrupted to Ahwaz since 7 a.m. (31-10-11).

Bushire reports messages for Ahwaz and Mohammerah should not be marked "by post over interrupted section." There is no postal service over interrupted section and line is not likely to be restored till next April or May. Therefore all messages for those stations should only be accepted post Bushire. Mail for Mohammerah and Ahwaz leaves Bushire every Wednesday morning and post messages for those places should reach there not later than 6 p.m. Standard Time on Tuesday (14-12-11).

Teheran reports Meshed line interrupted since 27th (26-11-11).

Telegrams for following offices in first region of Egypt can only be accepted in plain language and at sender's risk. They should be written in plain language, English or Arabic only. (1) Ras et Dabaa. (2) Marsa Matrouh. (3) Sidi Barrani. (4) Siwa. (21-12-11).

Turkish route restored. (8-1-12).

SMOKING IN THE ARMY.

The use of tobacco in the Army is the subject of an article by Lieut.-Colonel Behir, I. M. S., in the Journal of the United Service Institution of India. Colonel Behir calls attention to the fact that many of the imported cigarettes used by the troops in India are made from the worst refuse tobacco in the market, and mentions that one brand was sold last year in India at 20 for 6 pies (about 3-4d), the tobacco in them, as might be conjectured, being uncured and half-decomposed. If the cigarette smoker can only be induced to buy his own tobacco—some reliable brand—and roll it in the "A.G." cigarette papers, which are made of pure rice paper, we shall hear much less of the harmful effects of cigarette smoking.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and Rs. 8 for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATH.

PHILLIPS—December 15, at Wood Street, Bangalore, Margaret Phillips, relict of the late Conductor Michael Phillips, aged 67 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Excelsior Cinematograph Novelty Theatre, Special Attractions.—"Royal Tour Pictures." Four shows nightly, 5-30 to 6-45, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, 10 to 11 p.m. Exhibition Cinematograph, continuous performance.

Skating Rink. Practice Session 8 to 9 a. m. Ladies only, 9-30 to 10-30 a. m. Evening session 6 to 8 p.m; night session 9-30 to 11-30.

Maxim: "The speculator seldom leaves a millionaire's fortune."—Andrew Carnegie.

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. "Chins," with the English mails of the 29th Dec., left Aden at 4-30 p.m., on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 5 a.m., on Friday.

DEPARTURES.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Persia" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-30 p. m., on Saturday.

ARRIVAL OF A NATIVE CHIEF.—H. H. The Maharao Raja Sir Ragubirsingji, Maharaja of Bundi-Kotah, arrived in Bombay yesterday and is putting up in a bungalow on Malabar Hill.

BOMBAY ARTICLED CLERKS' ASSOCIATION.—An Ordinary meeting of the above Association will be held in the hall of the Law Library of the Government Law School, Bombay, at 4 p.m. S. T., on Wednesday when Mr. Faiz B. Tyabji Bar-at-Law, will deliver an address on "The principles underlying the Mahomedan Law of Inheritance."

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Singapore per s.s. "Ischia" will be closed at the General Post Office at 10 a.m. on Wednesday the 10th instant.—Mails for Mauritius, Tamatave and Reunion via Tuticorin and Colombo per s.s. "Shirala" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. on Saturday the 13th instant, instead of as previously notified.

ACCIDENT TO A WORKMAN.—A brick-layer named Luxmon Govind, aged 35, white at work repairing the wall of the Savoy Club at Gamdevi Road, caught hold of an electric wire. As the current was on he was unable to let go his hold but was eventually pulled off by another man, with the result that he fell to the ground, a distance of about twenty-five feet, sustaining some internal injuries. He was removed to Sir J. J. Hospital for treatment.

LOST PROPERTY.—Bedding, bundles, bracelets, bangles, gold etc., umbrellas parasols and sticks, hats, caps, topis, rings earrings gold, clothing cloth, wearing apparels, keys, utensils, crockery, purses leather, lamps, spurs and chain, books, Bible, cash, counterfeit coin, stopcocks, boxes wooden, trunks tin, cots, stoves oil, G. C. notes for Rs. 10 and Rs. 5 postage stamps for 1-6, spectacles, bicycle and spare parts of same, bars iron, dogs, baskets, penknives, whisky bottled of, badges cap Pioneer Regt., pendant silver and small piece of gold.

KILLED BY A RUN-AWAY HORSE.—Mr. E. T. Lambert, the Coroner, held an inquest touching the death of one Jagganath, aged about 50. It appeared that a horse attached to a hack victoria was passing along Chikalwadi on Sunday when it suddenly took fright and broke the shafts. The animal then got loose and ran along Girgaum Back Road and then turned on to the C. P. Tank Road. It knocked down three persons including the deceased, who was rendered unconscious. The deceased was taken to Hospital, where it was ascertained he had sustained a fracture of the base of the skull. He died on Sunday night. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

MUSIC AT CROWPARTY.—The Band 7th (Princess Royal's) Dragoon Guards, by kind permission of Lieut Colonel H. A. Lempriere, D. S. O. will play the following programme at 5-30 p.m. to-day:—

Grand March...	Entry of the Gladiators... Fucik
Valse	....Over the Waves ..... Rosas
Overture	Tancredi ..... Rossini
Serenata	Moszkowski
Selection	Cavalleria Rusticana ..... Mascagni
Idyl.....	The Whistler and his Dog ..Pryor
Suite	Peer Gynt ..... Greig
Valse	Fashnation ..... Marchetti
An Opera Bouquet	Douglas
A Turkish Patrol	Michaelis

INCORPORATED ACCOUNTANTS EXAMINATIONS.—Messrs. A. S. Madon, and Mahadeo R. Tambe, of Bombay proceeded to England last year to appear at the professional examinations of the Society of Incorporated Accountants of London Accountancy and Auditing. Cablegrams have been received intimating that Mr. A. S. Madon has passed the final Examination of the Society and has become qualified to be elected as an Incorporated Accountant. Mr. Mahadeo R. Tambe B. A., L. C. E., has just passed the Intermediate Examination of the Society "with Honours, heading the list of successful candidates in the British Isles." This result is highly creditable to the candidate, and to the University of Bombay of which he is a graduate.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel T. W. Bonner, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Batln., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p.m., to-day:—

March.....	Through Bolts and Bars... Urbach
Overture	Tancredi ..... Rossini
a Bolero (Bell Solo)	Alicante ..... Ord. Hume
b Indian Romance.....	Hobomoko ..... Reeves
Selection.....	The Mountie ..... Monckton
Valse	Phryne ..... Zulueta
Selection	The Girls of Gottenberg... Caryll
Tubophone Solo.....	La Juana ..... Howgill

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR W. BOUGHTON CHAMBERS, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, 9th January.

4. Parades.—Tuesday 9th instant. Rehearsal for the parade for lining the streets on 10th instant. Parade at Head Quarters at 9 p.m.

Dress—Khaki and caps, rifles, belts, pouch, (to be worn on the right side), and side arms.

5. Parades.—The Corps will parade as strong as possible on Wednesday 10th January 1912, to take part in the lining of the streets on the occasion of the departure of Their Imperial Majesties the King-Emperor and Queen-Empress.

Parade at Head-quarters at 10-30 a.m. Probable duration of parade two hours. Dress:—Khaki, and helmets, rifles with slings, side arms and pouch.

5. Parade—Saturday, 13th instant.

Nos 1, and 2, Companies 1 inch Aiming rifle practice from Middle Ground Fort.

Parade at Apollo Bunder, at 5 p. m.

Dress—Khaki and Helmets.

6. Musketry.—Sunday, 14th instant.

Spoon competitions at Khat Kopar.

Distances 800, 900 and 1,000 yards.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-30 a. m.

7. Duties—Orderly Sergeants for the week ending 13th January.

No 1 Company Sergeant A Spilling No 2 Company Sergt Forbes.

E. P. OUDLIP, Capt., R. A.
Adjt, B. V. A.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

HAVALA SUITS SETTLED.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Russell, the appeals of Mr. Gordhandas Khatao against the decrees passed by Mr. Justice Macleod against him in respect of the havala claims of the Tricumdass and Lakhmidass Khimji Mill were called on for hearing.

Mr. B. J. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Little and Company, appeared for the appellant and Mr. M. A. Jinnah, instructed by Messrs. Bhaishankar, Kanga and Girdharlal for the respondents in both the appeals.

Mr. Jinnah said that the parties had come to a settlement and a decree was to be passed in terms signed by counsel.

Their Lordships passed decrees by consent in both the cases, whereby Mr. Gordhandass Khatao agreed to pay Rs. 1,22,478 to the Tricumdass Mills and Rs. 2,43,794 to the Lakhmidass Mills with costs of both the suits and interest on judgment till payment. The costs of the appeal were to be borne by each party.

CLAIM FOR DAMAGES.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, Mr. Justice Heaton delivered judgment in the suit brought by Suleman Aba against the Rev. H. S. Nicholson for damages for obstruction caused to his business.

The plaintiff's case was that he was the owner of a factory, to repair hack victorias, which was situated to the west of Belvedere Road. There was no access to his premises by the Belvedere Road and his customers used to come by the Byramji's land. This land was recently purchased by the defendant, who was erecting a building thereon, thus causing obstruction to the plaintiff's business as no carriages could go to his premises. He, therefore, claimed damages.

The defendant denied any obstruction and said the plaintiff was not entitled to any damages.

His Lordship, in delivering his judgment, said the plaintiff had failed to prove his case and dismissed the suit with costs.

RAJA BAHADUR'S CLAIM.

HEARING OF THE APPEAL.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Russell heard an appeal from a decision of Mr. Justice Beaman, who dismissed the plaintiff's claim and passed a decree against him for Rs. 1,17,000 on the defendant's counter-claim in the suit brought by Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal against the Bombay Cotton Mills.

Mr. Raikes, Mr. Setalvad and Mr. Mulla, instructed by Messrs. Bhaisankar, Kanga and Ghirdharlal, appeared for the appellant; the Advocate-General, Mr. Inverarity and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Company were for the respondents.

The facts of this appeal have been fully reported on previous occasions.

The plaintiff's claim for Rs. 2,00,000 had been admitted by the defendant company, but they claimed a set off for another sum of Rs. 3,00,000 with interest, which sum, they said, they had paid to the plaintiff as a result of a fraud practised upon them by Dwarkadass and the plaintiff's munim, Dani.

Mr. Raikes' arguments were heard during the day.

DIRECTORS' LIABILITY SUIT.

Mr. Gordhandass Settles.

MR. JUSTICE MACLEOD sanctioned in Chambers the other day the settlement arrived at between the liquidator of the Lakhmidass Mills and Mr. Gordhandass Khatao in the suit brought by the liquidator against the latter and others as directors of the Lakhmidass Mills in respect of their liability with regard to the company's debts.

By the settlement Mr. Gordhandass agreed to pay Rs. 5,00,000 to the liquidator of the company in full satisfaction of all the claims against him in this suit within two months from the sealing of the decree. The settlement was without prejudice to certain rights of both the parties. Each party was to pay his own costs.

After the settlement had been sanctioned, the suit was put down on Mr. Justice Macleod's board yesterday for a consent decree between these two parties only and a decree in terms of the settlement was passed by his Lordship.

KATHIAWAR SCHOLARSHIPS.

The following Press Note has been issued:—

Mr. Amritlal Bhimji Kothari, resident of Rajkot, has offered to Government on behalf of himself and his brother, Mr. Manilal Bhimji, a sum of Rs. 25,000 to found two scholarships in the name of their father, the late Rao Bahadur Bhimji Morarji. One scholarship of Rs. 350 per annum tenable for three years will be awarded to a student of the Dada Shrimalji Bania community (preferably a "bona fide" native of Kathiawar) studying in the College of Engineering at Poona for the B. E. degree. The second scholarship of Rs. 450 per annum is to be awarded to a student of the same community studying in the Grant Medical College at Bombay for the degree of M. B., B. S., and is tenable for five years. Government have accepted the offer and their acknowledgments have already been conveyed to the donors for their liberal offer.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours, and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour, during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water as at Prince's Dock sill:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on Sill.		LOW WATER. Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on Sill.	
	Jan.	h	m	ft.	in.	Jan.	h	m	ft.	in.
S	6	m	0 33	31	0	6	m	6 39	18	0
			0 27	a 27	9			0 18	a 14	1
S	7	m	1 16	30	11	7	m	7 27	17	4
			1 19	a 27	8			7 4	a 14	11
M	8	m	1 59	30	5	8	m	8 15	17	6
			2 10	a 27	2			7 51	a 16	2
TU	9	m	2 43	29	6	9	m	9 5	17	7
			3 3	a 26	6			8 40	a 17	9
W	10	m	3 28	28	4	10	m	9 58	17	9
			4 1	a 25	9			9 33	a 19	4
TH	11	m	4 14	27	2	11	m	10 55	18	0
			5 12	a 25	1			10 40	a 20	10
F	12	m	5 2	26	0	12	m	11 57	18	2
			6 39	a 24	11					

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Jan. 6 (Saturday)	Sunrise 7h 13m	Sunset	6h 15m
" 7 (Sunday)	" 7h 14m	"	6h 16m
" 8 (Monday)	" 7h 14m	"	6h 17m
" 9 (Tuesday)	" 7h 14m	"	6h 17m
" 10 (Wednesday)	" 7h 14m	"	6h 18m
" 11 (Thursday)	" 7h 14m	"	6h 18m
" 12 (Friday)	" 7h 15m	"	6h 19m

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Last Quarter, Jan. 11th 2h 12·9m. p.m.; New Moon, 19th, 4h. 40·0m p.m.; First Quarter, 27th, 2h. 21·4m. p. m.; Full Moon, Feb 3rd, 5h. 28·1m. a.m.

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other," would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper, and thousands (home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet Luxury, delightful to use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by Chemists, Stores, Grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-street London. Established over 35 years.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JAN. 8.

The depression in North-West India has given precipitation in North Baluchistan, Kashmir, the North-west Frontier Province and the West Punjab, the only large amount being one inch at Astor. The disturbance in Assam has disappeared, and unsettled conditions in Andaman Sea are less marked this morning. Only a few light falls of rain were reported from Burma and the Bay Islands.

The forecast shows the precipitation is probable to become more general over the area, including Baluchistan, the North-west Frontier Province, Kashmir, and the Punjab, and may extend eastwards into the north-west of the United Provinces. No rainfall of importance is likely elsewhere.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 8TH JANUARY 1912.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton arriving in small quantities. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops. Rapese

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Wilson Line steamer Toronto, 3,894 tons, Captain G. E. Pickering, will sail to-day for Hull via Karachi, with a general cargo.

The Bombay and Persia S. N. Co's steamer Firoze, 2,029 tons, Captain F. S. Primrose, will sail to-day for Calcutta with a general cargo.

The steamer Avala, 2,382 tons, Captain J. H. Canham, will sail to-day for Mostyn Deep, with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Ula, 3,426 tons, Captain J. R. O. Sullivan, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon via coast ports, with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Dumra, 762 tons, Captain W. C. Morrison, arrived in harbour on Sunday from Busreh &c. with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Lhasa, 950 tons, Captain H. Manley, sailed yesterday for Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

The Hansa Line steamer Barenfels, 3,419 tons, Captain F. Engelage, will sail to-day for Hamburg via Karachi with a general cargo.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

H M S Medina.....Capt A B M...Chatfield Royal Navy
H M S Defence.....Capt H H Bruce .....Royal Navy
H M S Cochrane...Capt W E Goodenough...Royal Navy
H M S Argyll...Capt M Culme-Seymour...Royal Navy
H M S Natal.....Capt Clement Greatorex...R Navy
H M S Perseus.....Comdr C P B Powell...R Navy
H M S Sphinx.....Comdr John Harvey...Special Ser. vice steamer.
R I M S Lawrence ...Comdr de Burgh.....R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Jan. 8.

Assaye.....4359 Cockman...Shanghai...31-1..... P & O Co
Alavi .....2224 Gray.....Bo & P S N Co
Barrington Court...2334 Williams .....Captain
Barron Calmeny.....2533 Hoy.....K N & Co
Euphorina .....2444 Stevens .....T M & Co
Gutenfels .....3501 Franziers...W & A Graham & Co
Gallia.....555 Watt...repairing ...J Mackintosh & Co
Hellas.....349 Berg.....F F Campbell & Co
Kamra .....504 King .....M M & Co
Kilkerran.....2413 .....W & A Graham & Co
Londaura.....2457 Lina .....Calcutta...M M & Co
Malda.....1250 Bamber.....M M & Co
Onda.....5449 Redlock...Karachi...10-1...M M & Co
Oceana.....3507 Jones .....P & O Co
Palitana.....1934 McDiarmid .....M M & Co
Queenmoor.....2409 Dunn .....The Captain

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Jan. 8.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Sahara	2665	....Park	....Genoa	9-1	J Mackimoth & Co
B Markgraf	2325	Thle...	Zanzibar	12-1	A Strandes & Co
...R Ula	3426	O'Sullivan			M M & Co
D&E Trantenfels	2732	Hupcar			Calicut... W & A Graham & Co
F Avala	1332	Canham	...Mostyn Deeps	8-1	T Morrison & Co
M Shah Ameer	2023	Brewes...	10-1...	Shah S N Co	
N Mohammadi	1251	Newby	....Jeddah	8-1	B & P S N Co
O Alavi	2334	Gray			Bo & P S N Co
P Barenfe's	3410	...	Engelagin...	Karachi	12-1... W & A G & Co
Detmold	2816	Winter	....Aberdeen	15-1	W & A G & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Ischia	3430	Belsito	Kobe...	10-1...	R Line
2 Islami	1604	Goode		Mauritius	6-1... B & P S N Co
3 R Rubattino	2631	Piazzoni	...Genoa	15-1...	R Line
4 Palitana	1934	McDiarmid			M M & Co
6 Imani	2979	Rosewaine	....Dunkirk	20-1...	J F & Co
7 Abidos	1937	Davies	....Calcutta	10-1...	Bo S N Co
8 Bregens	2386	Petris	....Trieste	16-1...	A L S N Co
9 Himalaya	3700	Gregor	...Shanghai		P & O Co
10&11 Toronto	3949	Pickering	...Karachi	9-1...	J Finlay & Co
12&13 Persia	4954	Haughton	...London	12-1...	P & O Co
15 Ceylon Maru	3142	Tozawa	.....Kobe	12-1...	N Y Kaisha
16 Dumra	762	Morrison	...Busreh		M M & Co

H W P D

Indravati	518	Esmail	...N F	...N F	Bo S N Co Ld
Satranji	547	Hoscin			Bo S N Co
Juba	634	Dawood			Bo S N Co
Kaveri	553	Mohmed	....10-1...	Bo S N Co	

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessel	Commander	From
8	Ula	O'Sullivan	Rangoon, Nov 5

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
8	Lhasa	Manley	Karachi, &c

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—

Steamer Toronto, Pickering, for Hull, &c.
" Firooi, Primrose, for Calcutta.
" Avala, Canham, for Mostyn Deep.
" Barenfels, Engelage, for Hamburg, &c.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday :—

Steamer Alavi for Jeddah.
" Hellas for Bangkok.
" Barrington Court for Liverpool.
" Himalaya for China, &c.
" Oceana for London, &c.
" Dumra for Persian Gulf.
" Trantenfels for Cochin.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Austrian Lloyd steamer Koerber, from Bombay, arrived at Aden on the 6th instant.

The P and O. Co's steamer Devanha, left Hongkong at 1 p.m. on Saturday the 6th January 1912.

The German East Africa Line steamer Kanzler, left Mombasa, for Bombay yesterday, via Lamu.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.
Bombay, 9th January.

25 Detail of Parades.

To-day Tuesday, the 9th instant.—Lecture for all M.-C. Officers at Head-quarters, Council Road, at 6-30 p.m.

26 All Officers are invited to attend.

Wednesday the 10th instant—The Battalion will parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 10-15 a.m. for lining the streets on the occasion of the departure of Their Imperial Majesties, the King-Emperor and Queen-Empress, 20 rounds pouch ammunition will be issued on parade. Officers commanding Companies will be responsible for the collecting of all ammunition after parade.

'Dress'—Review Order, Khaki, Helmets. Medals to be worn.

Friday, the 12th inst.—All Buglers will parade at Bombay Education Society's School, Byculla, at 6 p.m.

11.—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Head-Quarters, at 6-30 p.m.

26. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class-firing as follows :—(For all Class-firing members will take their sidearms to the Range).

Thursday 11th inst. "E" Coy.
Friday, 12th inst. "D" Coy.
Saturday 13th inst. "C" Coy
Monday, 15th inst. "G" Coy.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a.m.

27. Camp of Instruction—It is notified for information that the Annual Camp of Instruction will take place at Santa Cruz from the 27th January to 3rd February, 1912.

The General Officer Commanding will make his annual Inspection of the Corps on Saturday, the 3rd February.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B. V. R.

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NEW GOODS NOW ON VIEW.

MEN'S SMART TWEED AND FLANNEL suits in a large variety of latest designs.
PRICES :—From Rs. 18 to 35.

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PRICES :—From Rs. 20 to 35.

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STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY;

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand, 125°	4 4 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins)	3 14 0	per two tins.
Elephant brand 125° (in tins)	3 14 0	do.
do. brand 125° (in bulk)	3 4 0	per 8 gallons.
Camel brand 125° (in tins)	3 14 0	per two tins.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Colaba and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

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Hammam Street, Fort.

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If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.
Tuesday, 9th January, 1912.

LIGHT HORSE BREEDING.

A London contemporary accentuates the urgency of the question of the horse supply which now and again comes up for discussion with very little result. The fact that a resolution has been adopted to enlarge the title of an institution that has all along been very prominently identified with the progress of the movement brings forward the subject once more. The proposed new name of the body in question is "The Hunters' Improvement and National Light Horse Breeding Society," and the extension of title only puts on permanent record what has been the declared aim of the society ever since its foundation, which, as then expressed, was "to improve the breeding of hunters and other horses used for riding or driving and for military purposes." Prior to 1885, when the Hunters' Improvement Society was formed, there had been a great deal of discussion regarding the horse supply, but very little work of a practical kind had been attempted. The chief drawback at that time was found to be the scarcity of good, sound, thoroughbred stallions. Moreover, except where landowners generously provided such sires for the service of mares belonging to their tenants, suitable animals were beyond the reach of farmers, who consequently were compelled to have recourse to inferior specimens that were frequently unsound, the result being that they were disappointed with the produce, and in many cases gave up the attempt to breed horses for riding purposes. They were further discouraged by heavy importations of cheap horses from abroad. Agricultural depression and a more lucrative demand for heavy horses and greater certainty in their breeding, also tended in the same direction. It was in these circumstances that the feeling became very widespread that decisive measures must be taken to check the decline in breeding this type of horse and with that object in view the Hunters' Improvement Society was formed.

A Royal Commission on horse breeding which was appointed, found it necessary for wider operations than those for which it possessed powers, but it enabled the Hunters' Improvement Society to carry out its object, by providing premiums for sound stallions. That society now has done excellent work during the years it has been in existence and not only held shows for the encouragement of hunters and other riding horses, but also published a Record and Stud Book, in which a very valuable collection of facts as to breeding are chronicled. The society has held has many as twenty-seven shows, and has expended a very large sum of money in raising the standard of light horse breeding and helping the industry in every way. Both in 1904, and 1910 the Hunters' Improvement Society conducted exhaustive inquiries into the subject of light horse breeding with the view of drawing up a scheme of operations on a national scale. This was ultimately placed before the Board of Agriculture, which had also devoted much attention to the same subject, and had arrived at somewhat similar conclusions as to what should be done. On the appointment of the Development Fund Commissioners, the long-wished-for opportunity arose for giving shape to the plans propounded, and the Board of Agriculture has adopted methods which we believe will place the supply of horses for hunting and military purposes on a sound footing.

Under the direction of the Board of Agriculture care is to be taken as to the registration of stallions of all breeds so as to reduce the loss from unsoundness, in the award of district premiums, and in other directions public attention will be concentrated on the combined show which will take place in March. On that occasion what is believed to be the largest amount ever offered for breeding stock will be awarded, the total being £11,775. The Board of Agriculture will offer £10,000 in King's premiums and super-premiums; the Hunters' Improvement Society will give £1,152 for hunters and young breeding stock, and the Polo and Riding Pony Society £623 for ponies, this last-named society having for eighteen years done much to advance the breeding of riding ponies and to preserve the native breeds. The aim now is to breed a better and more saleable type of animal and to be sure that in the event of hostilities there may be a sufficient reserve on which to draw for military purposes. The co-operation of farmers and horse-breeders generally is invited and they are urged to support the Hunters' Improvement Society which is still carrying on a vigorous campaign.

Jonathan Duncan. Jonathan Duncan whose centenary, we referred to last week, came to Bombay from Bengal, to whose Civil Service he belonged, and ruled here for the longest period of any Governor before or since. Before his time in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries nearly all our Governors belonged to the local Civil service. But with Duncan began the practice of appointing men of the Bengal service when this high post was offered to Civilians with Indian experience. In the nineteenth century five such Civilians, including Duncan, were promoted to the Governorship and all of them with the solitary exception of Sir Bartle Frere were Bengal Civilians. In reality there were six Civilians who were appointed Governors during the last century, but of these, one, Sir William Macnaghten, was assassinated in Kabul five months after his appointment whilst there, and consequently he never took charge of the Governorship. Macnaghten, too, was a Bengal Civilian. Besides these Civilians, two military men with Indian careers also got this post, and of these two one, Sir John Malcolm, belonged to the Madras Army. The other, Sir James Rivett-Carnac, had the distinction of being the only Bombay soldier ever appointed to rule over this Presidency, though his Indian experience was gained much more in political and diplomatic work than in the military. The four Bengal men were all brilliant rulers, and two of the best of our Governors, Jonathan Duncan and Mountstuart Elphinstone, were of their number. The latter famous ruler was only five years in Bengal, and for nearly eighteen years thereafter his career lay at the Mahratta Court, chiefly of the Peishwa at Poona, in close touch with Bombay. But Duncan passed twenty-three years in the Eastern Presidency before he came to Bombay as Governor. Whilst in Bengal, he made his reputation at Benares in the highly important office of Resident and Superintendent, to which the discernment of Lord Cornwallis had appointed him. The Benares post was much coveted, because it afforded extraordinary opportunities of enormous private gain to not very high principled servants of the Company, and hence the scandals connected with it were also extraordinary. It was the great object of Cornwallis to purify the services, and he succeeded by employing such men as Duncan in responsible posts, when they found full scope for energetic zeal in the reform of long seated abuses. He was thoroughly supported by his chief, and he put down scandals in his office at Benares with a heavy hand during the the six of seven years that he was Resident there. He was, of course, hated by his subordinates whom he either reformed or sent about their business. In the last year of his stay at Benares, Mountstuart Elphinstone joined the Residency and began his Indian career, and doubtless Duncan noted the ability of his subordinate during the few months of 1795, before coming out to Bombay, and caused his transfer to the Bombay Presidency in later years. But his administrative zeal did not engross his whole time. He thoroughly acquainted himself with native thought and sentiment in that sacred headquarters of Hinduism, and gave the benefit of his studies to the Bengal Asiatic Society to whose journal he contributed several highly interesting papers. He also concerned himself in putting down female infanticide which was very widely prevalent in Benares, and did much good in that philanthropic work. When he was transferred in 1795 to Bombay as its Governor on the recommendation of his patron, Cornwallis, who had gone home some time before, to the Court of Directors, he brought with him not only his zeal for reform in administration but also literary and humanitarian qualities. The custom of infanticide he also found very rife in Western India, especially in the Native States of Kathiawar and he set to work in the midst of his other arduous duties to take efficient means for putting it down. He found a man of energy and philanthropic zeal quite like his own in Colonel Walker, and it is to the joint efforts of these two men that Kathiawar owes the first serious attempts at the suppression of this odious and cruel custom of the killing of infant daughters by their own parents. In the fine monument to Duncan's memory in St. Thomas' Cathedral, this humanitarian work is deservedly given great prominence and infants are sculptured on it as bewailing the loss of their benefactor. As at Benares he pursued Hindi and Sanskrit studies, so here in Bombay he gave his spare time to Persian learning and with his tutor the revered Parsi high priest and scholar, Mulla Firoze, he was engaged in translating a unique Persian book on primitive religion called the Desatir, when death put a stop to his work.

Women and the Cabinet. The statement made in the London Conservative Press a few days ago that Mr. Asquith is in favour of a National Referendum on the unfortunate question of Woman Parliamentary Suffrage will, for one thing, serve to recall the unmitigated scorn with which the Unionist claim that the Lords question should be settled in the same way was received not so very long ago. No name was then too bad for the referendum, and, if we remember aright, Mr. Asquith was as sturdy in his opposition to the employment of this instrument to test public opinion as his more emphatic colleague, Mr. Lloyd George. But notwithstanding this opposition of a year ago it is not improbable that the Conservative press is right. As a matter of fact there has long been a wide diversity of opinion in the Cabinet over Woman Suffrage, as indeed there also is in the Unionist Party. The Prime Minister has declared in plain strong terms that in Great Britain Woman Suffrage would be a disaster, while two Ministers of such variant tendencies as Sir Edward Grey and Mr. Lloyd George have declared that it would be a boon and a blessing. Others, it is true, have not publicly declared themselves on the subject, but it may safely be assumed that they will, sooner or later, have to leave their non-committal seat on the fence and make for one camp or the other. The statement that Mr. Asquith wants to shelve the responsibility for a decision and take refuge in a Referendum is not likely to be untrue, for weeks ago that course was certainly suggested in the most prominent Liberal paper in London. Moreover, it was suggested to the Prime Minister, and he said in reply that whilst he was against the Referendum as a most undesirable innovation as part of our constitutional machinery he had always admitted that there might be cases in which it could properly be employed. On that occasion, however, Mr. Asquith seemed to think a Referendum on Woman Suffrage was not such a case, for the reason that it could only be made to men voters, and that any adverse verdict given by them would be resented as misleading and unsatisfactory by the women.

The Prime Minister, if indeed he has changed or modified his view in the meanwhile, will certainly be supported in his attitude by those of all parties who hold that at the last General Election, the electors gave the Government no mandate to extend the franchise to women, and there are many who do hold that view. And there can be no doubt that if no such mandate was given political morality demands that either a Referendum or an appeal to the constituencies should be made. The Government are not likely to go to the country, for if all the indications mean anything at all they point very decisively to the fact that the Liberals would have extreme difficulty in retaining office. Further, the Irish Home Rule campaign has actually begun, and the present Government are pledged to see that through the Commons, at any rate if they can do so, in the present Parliament. If there is any truth in the statement regarding the serious character of the division in the Cabinet, the next few weeks should be interesting from the parliamentary point of view, for the statement involves the very important consideration that neither the Prime Minister, nor those opposed to him, can abandon the positions they have taken up without some sacrifice of principle. Both Mr. Lloyd George and Sir Edward Grey have committed themselves too deeply to recede without the risk of being described as turncoats, and Mr. Asquith is in a similar position on the other side. Meanwhile, the struggle having gone so far, it is almost certain that the suffragists themselves, assisted by Liberal and Unionist members whom they have captured or converted, as the case may be, will not permit the question to be once more pigeon-holed.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "China," with the outward mails of the 29th December left Aden at 4-30 p. m. on Sunday and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 5 a. m. on Friday next.

The attention of the public is drawn to the notifications issued by the Commissioner of Police, appearing in our advertisement columns regarding the closing of roads to traffic etc., to-morrow, on the occasion of the departure of Their Royal Majesties the King-Emperor and Queen-Empress.

The Museum Conference will sit in Madras on 15th 16th and 17th instant.

Mr. Ross, C. S., Registrar of the Calcutta High Court, will proceed home on leave this Summer. Mr. Cullis, C. S., will act for him.

The Secretary of State has sanctioned the retention of the appointment of Inspector General of Irrigation for a further period of five years.

The new Madras Council Chamber of the Fort St. George is almost ready and the next meeting of the Legislative Council will be held next month followed by another in March.

The Lieuteant-Governor of Burma and party leave for a tour through the Mergui Archipelago to-day and will be away from Rangoon till January 25th.

The irrigation grant for the year 1912-1913 will be 275 lakhs, of which 75 lakhs will be devoted to protective irrigation. The railway grant will be 13.50 lakhs.

Sir Stewart Wilson, Director General of Post Offices in India, having completed his Burma tour, left by the s. s. "Angora" for Calcutta yesterday. Brigadier General Hickman was also a passenger by the same steamer.

The goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 16th December, 1911, shows a decrease on the corresponding week of 1910 of 358,930 maunds and of Rs. 69,035 in the earnings.

The King has appointed his Majesty the King of Siam to be an honorary member of the Civil Division of the First Class of Knights Grand Cross of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath.

Mr. C. Owen, Manager of the Eastern and the Oriental Hotel, Penang, committed suicide last Monday by shooting. The deceased who had been manager of hotels in Rangoon and Calcutta had been in indifferent health for some time.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

NEW ASPECT OF BISMARCK.

The Egyptian Frontier.

ANTI-ENGLISH CAMPAIGN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
PARIS, Dec. 23.

A French army surgeon, named Czernicki, in a supplement to the "Gaulois," gives a very interesting and pleasing reminiscence of Bismarck, placing the Iron Chancellor in an unaccustomed light. Dr. Czernicki had been left in charge of an ambulance at Rezonville before the siege of Metz, and when Bazaine ordered the retreat of the 2nd Corps d'Armee into Metz on the night of August 16-17, the ambulance, with some six thousand wounded, was left behind and found itself within the Prussian lines. On the morning of the 19th Dr. Czernicki was accosted by an officer, who informed him that the King of Prussia with his suite was in Rezonville, and that he would introduce him to Count Bismarck. The rest may be told in his own words.

"There on the stone bench, close to the door of a rustic cottage, at seven in the morning, was seated alone the celebrated Prussian Minister at breakfast. He had spread a sheet of paper on his knees, upon which lay cold meat, sausages, and bread. Beside him on the bench was a bottle, from which he was drinking. When he saw us he left off eating and, rising to his full height, saluted with a kindly laugh. The following conversation, which I wrote out the same evening in my note-book, then took place in French :—

"'You are taking part, sir, in a terrible war for a start in your career,' he said. 'What a sight, what suffering! It is not you or these poor mutilated fellows that I should like to see here, but your senators and deputies. They would see what war is! Look at it! Have you many wounded?'

"In reply to my question whether the Germans had also lost many, Bismarck said, 'Six times as many as in 1866. But do you believe, sir, and does the French army believe, that it was I who wanted war?' Taking off his helmet, he went on, 'Look at me! I am threatened with an apoplectic stroke, and was quietly going through a cure, and never thought I should have to interrupt and change it for the life of the camp.'

ALWAYS READY FOR WAR.

"'Just then the chaplain of the ambulance, the Abbe Bolard, came up, and asked, 'But, M. le Comte, if you did not want war, what was the meaning of the Hohenzollern candidature?' to which Bismarck replied textually, 'Upon my word! Did anybody really swallow that? M. de Gammont is too refined a gentleman and too good a sportsman to be a good politician. That was invented to force on war. We were challenged not to retreat any further. Already, four years ago, we had shown great patience in the Luxemburg affair, and you were less ready then than you are to-day. You only forget one thing. And that is that we are always ready for war, and that if we are forced to fight we carry on war in the severest sense. You have had a proof of this,' and with a gesture of satisfaction he haughtily and coldly pointed to the battlefield, which had called forth his deep emotion a few minutes previously.

"Then, changing the conversation suddenly, he asked me :—

"'Do you know, Monsieur, where is the Emperor?' 'I am absolutely ignorant,' I answered, reflecting that probably the whole reason of the interview, beginning with humanitarian sentiments and turning to violence, was simply to find out the whereabouts of the Emperor, whom he wrongly believed up to August 19 to be with the Army of Metz.

"Field-Marshal Roon then came up and also asked after the whereabouts of the Emperor, after which Dr. Czernicki was requested to lead the way to where the German wounded were housed, and the cortege, with Bismarck and De Roon at the head, marched off.

"'Here truth compels me to say,' proceeds Dr. Czernicki, 'that nothing can describe the solicitude and interest shown by the Minister of War, without exception, to all. To each one he addressed some intimate and personal remark, reminding him of his own place, and often of personal friends, assuring them that news would be sent to their families. We were not accustomed, on our side, to see our wounded comforted by embraces and words from such high quarters.'"

BATTLEFIELD INCIDENT.

"Out of this long visit to the battlefield I will only tell one episode, which places Bismarck in a new light. Seated on some straw and propped up against a pillar of the church of Rezonville was one of our poor soldiers, a quite young man named Rossignol. A shell, striking him like the lash of a whip, had carried away both his eyes and the bridge of his nose, leaving the front of the skull bare. This fearful wound was covered with a dressing. He lay their calm, silent, and motionless, in quiet resignation. Bismarck stopped in front of him and asked me what was his case. He seemed really touched. 'There is war for you, Messieurs the Senators and Deputies!' Then, turning to one of his suite, he said : 'Please bring me some wine and a glass.' He filled the glass to the brim, took a sip, and then, gently tapping the shoulder of the poor martyr, said : 'My friend, will you not drink something?' Rousing himself from the deathlike stupor that was creeping over him the man assented.

"We then saw Bismarck stoop and very softly and slowly give the wounded soldier the wine. Rising again, he drank what was left in the glass, and said : 'What is your name, my boy, and where do you come from?' 'Rossignol, from Brittany.' The count then took his hand, and said : 'I am Bismarck, my comrade, and I am very proud to have drunk out of the same glass as a brave man like you,' and stretching his hand over the horribly mutilated head, he seemed to give him a mute benediction."

It only remains to add to this touching and pleasing anecdote that at the request of Dr. Czernicki the two Prussian Ministers gave every facility for having the ambulance, full of wounded, transported into the French lines of Metz.

DELIMITATION OF EGYPTIAN FRONTIER.

The despatch of a detachment of 50 men of the Egyptian Army, under the command of a British officer, from Cairo to Sollum has suddenly brought the question of the boundary between Egypt and Tripoli into public prominence, but, according to the Foreign Office, there is no ground for concern, or for the opinion held in some quarters that this action will require any further explanation to the Italian Government. The Italians, in fact, have already had their attention drawn to the Egyptian view of how the boundary line between Egypt and Tripoli runs, and the Italian Government promptly recognised the claim put forward. When, in October last, Italy declared a blockade of the Tripoli coastline, the eastern limit of the operations was fixed at a point on the Mediterranean coast where, according to the view long held by Turkey, as against that of the Egyptian authorities, Egypt ended and Tripoli began. But the British Government, as representing Egypt, at once pointed out that the Egyptian coastline extended to a point some 200 miles further westward, on the Gulf of Sollum. Italy at once recognised this, and made the Gulf of Sollum the eastern limit of her blockade. One result of the war between Italy and Turkey is, therefore, that the question of the boundary between Egypt and Tripoli is now much more definitely regulated.

THE FRONTIER LINE.

The point at which this frontier line touched the sea had for long been in dispute between the British Government, as representing Egypt, and Turkey, although the dispute had never attained serious proportions. But behind it is a most interesting story of diplomatic relations, in which a lost map plays a big part. In 1841 the Sultan of Turkey granted to Mehemet Ali, the famous Khedive of that time, "the Government of Egypt within its ancient boundaries such as they are to be found in that map which was sent unto thee by my Grand Vizir now in office." This map, however, which was the only official document in existence showing the boundaries of Egypt and Tripoli, was destroyed in a Cairo fire some years after. There is a copy of it at Constantinople, but this has never been seen by any representative of Great Britain, although it is understood that it was once shown to a French Ambassador, at a time when France kept eye a very suspicious eye on British expansion in Egypt.

The British conception of the frontier line has always been that it started from a point on the Gulf of Sollum and followed a south-easterly direction, so as to place the oasis of Siwa in Egyptian territory. This view is borne out by the maps which show the division of the Roman Empire at the beginning of the Christian era, where the line between Libya and Cyrenaica (Eastern Tripoli) is always drawn well to the westward of the Gulf of Sollum.

The question means more than the mere possession of a strip of desert. The Bay of Sollum contains one of the best anchorages on the Southern Mediterranean coast, called Akaba-Sollum, and Akaba is quite close to Tobruk, another excellent natural anchorage, which it is believed, Italy intends to convert into a first-class naval base. The occupation of Sollum, therefore, means that Britain's naval standing in the Mediterranean will in no way be endangered by Italy's occupation of Tripoli, or by her contemplated transformation of Tobruk into a powerful naval base.

AUSTRIAN EMPEROR'S HEALTH.

Alarming reports were current on Thursday in Budapest about the Emperor Francis Joseph's health. It was stated that not only was his cough worse, but the weakness of the heart was making itself felt, together with other unfavourable symptoms, such as excessive somnolence. On making inquiries in competent quarters here, however, I am informed that these rumours must be spread by interested persons, perhaps for Bourse purposes. It is true that the Emperor has been confined to the palace for some time as a measure of precaution, owing to catarrh from which he is suffering, and that the Court dinner was recently cancelled. But the catarrh is improving, and has not gone deeper than the larynx, where it causes a slight cough. The Emperor rises at five o'clock as usual, works all day, and receives a number of officials. To-day he also gave half an hour's audience to Count von Aehrenthal and enjoyed the society of his daughter, the Archduchess Marie Valerie and her children. His Majesty is looking well, and coughs but little. On fine days he sits by the open window, and Professors Ortner and Chiari, who visited him a couple of days ago, stated that his only complaint is catarrh of the larynx.

TOO SUCCESSFUL OFFICER.

A case which has just been heard before the Higher Military Court at Breslau brings to light a peculiar and somewhat humorous incident of the recent German army manœuvres. The prosecution brought an action against Lieutenant von Heydebreck, of the Oels rifle regiment, accusing him of misuse of authority and of causing grievous bodily injury and material damage. The facts as they were stated before the court were as follows :—Lieutenant von Heydebreck's regiment cooperated in the manœuvres with the Bernstadt regiment of dragoons. One night the lieutenant was instructed by his superior officers to take a company of men and attempt a surprise attack upon a party of dragoons who were bivouacked several miles away. The lieutenant carried out his orders with startling success. Unchallenged by sentry or outpost, his company approached the sleeping camp of dragoons and opened fire with blank cartridges at close quarters. The effect was a wild stampede. Horses broke loose from their tethering posts and dashed madly through the darkness, falling over tent ropes and breaking the poles, by which several men were injured. The dragoons themselves, awakened from sleep by the rattle of rifle fire to find their canvas falling about them, and with their heads full of the sensational war rumours current at the time, were immediately convinced that the enemy was upon them in force. They lost their nerve utterly, and for a considerable time the wildest confusion prevailed, in which more men and animals were seriously injured. The lieutenant, in his own defence, declared, of course, that he had merely carried out his orders, and the court adopting his view of the matter, gave judgment of acquittal.

MOROCCO AGREEMENT.

In the Senate on Wednesday M. de Selves, Minister for Foreign Affairs, introduced the Bill ratifying the Franco-German Treaty and requested an urgency vote upon it. It was subsequently decided that a committee composed of 27 members should be elected to-morrow by ballot for the purpose of examining the treaty. This commission will include representatives of all the parliamentary groups. It is believed that the Bill will not come up for discussion in the Senate itself before January 15. An analysis of the voting lists on the Franco-German Agreement in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday shows that those who voted against the treaty included 8 members of the Right, 6 members of the Action Liberale, 5 Independents, 7 Progressists, 2 members of the Republican Union, 2 of the Democratic Left, 3 Socialist-Radicals, 11 Socialist-Republican, and 2 Unified Socialists. Those who abstained from voting included 1 members of the Right, 18 of the Action Liberale, 10 Independents, 26 Progressists, 11 members of the Republican Union, 10 of the Democratic Left, 25 of the Radical Left, 4 Socialist-Radicals, 2 Socialist-Republicans, and 24 Unified Socialists.

Several newspapers this morning, commenting on the vote, point out that if many members thought only of the result obtained by France from the colonial point of view, others were affected when they thought of the signatures of France and Germany figuring side by side on a treaty of mutual understanding.

The Republican journals unanimously express satisfaction that war has been avoided.

The "Republique Francaise" admits that the treaty is in conformity with the necessities of the present day.

(Continued on page 6).

WAR STAFF FOR THE NAVY.

IMPORTANT ADMIRALTY SCHEMES.

Establishment of a Staff College.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 7.

Mr. Churchill has issued a lengthy memorandum, announcing the immediate formation of a Naval War Staff, and explaining generally the changes involved. The memorandum sets forth that the First Sea Lord is the executive officer in active control of daily fleet movements, who requires, like a general in the field, to have at his disposal a Chief of Staff. The War Staff of the Admiralty will be organised from existing elements in three divisions, the Intelligence Division, the Operations Division and the Mobilisation Division, dealing respectively with war information, war plans and war arrangements. These divisions will be equal in status, and each will be under a director, who will usually be a captain of standing.

The three divisions will be combined together under the Chief of Staff, who will be a flag officer. He will be primarily responsible to the First Sea Lord, and will work under him as principal assistant and agent, but he will not be the sole channel of communication with the First Sea Lord, and the First Sea Lord will, whenever convenient, consult the directors of the various divisions. Constant intercourse between the divisions will be indispensable, and the Chief of Staff will be enjoined to hold frequent meetings with the heads of the three divisions.

The functions of the War Staff will be advisory. It discharges no administrative duties and its responsibilities will end with the tendering of advice, and the accuracy of the facts, on which that advice is based. There must be close and whole-hearted co-operation between the Naval War Staff and the General Staff of the Army.

The personnel of the War Staff will be considerable, consisting of naval officers representing most grades and every specialist branch, fresh from sea and returning to sea fairly frequently. Nothing in the constitution of the War Staff will be designed to arrest the free play of the professional opinion of all members from top to bottom, the central objects being to form a convenient and flexible machine for the elaboration of plans, and a school of sound progressive thought in naval science.

The memorandum emphasises the necessity of special training for staff purposes.

Special Training.

A special course of training at a War College will be an essential part of the new arrangements. Candidates for the War Staff will be selected from volunteers, among lieutenants of suitable seniority, as well as from officers of other branches throughout the service. Those, who pass the necessary examinations of the War College course will be eligible for appointments, either at the Admiralty or as staff officers afloat. In all cases, regular periods of sea-going duty will alternate with the other duties of staff officers, in order that they may keep up the necessary standard as practical sea officers. The personnel of the staff will at first necessarily consist of officers, who have not received new staff training. A certain number suitably qualified will be appointed forthwith, and the actual work will begin shortly afterwards.

It is hoped that the result of these arrangements will be to secure a body of officers afloat and ashore, whose aptitudes for staff duties have been systematically trained and developed and to place the First Sea Lord in a position, where he can decide and advise on grand issues without being burdened with undue detail, but with every assurance that no detail has been neglected.

New Civil Lord.

In order to set free the Third Sea Lord to direct the military construction of the fleet, and to relieve him from the pressure of business transactions, an additional Civil Lord will be appointed as a member of the Board of Admiralty on a fixed tenure. He will be non-Parliamentary and non-political. He will control the various Admiralty departments concerned in contracts and purchasing, and will conduct the business and commercial transactions of the Board, and all relations with the great contracting firms. He will be the Admiralty buyer and business manager.

The additional expenditure involved will be met by the abolition of four Admiralty yachts.

Admiral Troubridge has been appointed Chief of the War Staff, and Sir Francis Hopwood the additional Civil Lord.

LONDON, JAN. 8.

Captain Ballard has been appointed Director of the Operations Division of the War Staff, and Captain Jackson, Director of the Intelligence Division.

Press Comment.

LONDON, JAN. 8.

Though there is some criticism of its details, the Naval War Staff is heartily applauded by the papers. Even the *Morning Post*, which is the most critical, concludes that it is susceptible of improvement, but says that even as it stands, the Operations Division is the most important addition to the Admiralty, since the great war of a century ago.

[Admiral Troubridge, who has only recently been promoted to flag rank, was during 1907-08, Chief of Staff in the Mediterranean.

Sir Francis Hopwood is a distinguished Civil Servant who only recently retired from the post of Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies, and in 1910, was appointed vice-chairman of the Development Commission.]

RACQUETS.

NEW YORK, JAN. 7.

Charles Williams, the world's racquets champion, has defeated George Standing by three games to one for the American professional championship.

AFFAIRS IN PERSIA.

Execution of Chief of the Fidais.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TEHERAN, JAN. 8.

By order of the Government, a commission consisting of four Persians, and M. Mornard, the Belgian Director of Customs, has taken over Mr. Shuster's duties, M. Mornard acting as Provisional Treasurer-General.

ST. PETERSBURG, JAN. 8.

The Russians at Tabriz have executed the chief of the Fidai military organisation, his lieutenant, and the two editors of a revolutionary paper.

BOYCOTT OF EUROPEAN GOODS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JAN. 8.

The *Civil and Military Gazette* publishes the following news from Shiraz, dated 15th December :—

The latest phase in the situation here is the general boycott of European goods. From all parts of Persia wires have poured into the local Mullahs advising (or demanding) co-operation in a general anti-Feringhi demonstration. Willy-nilly the native dealers have had to subscribe their names to the paper forbidding all dealings with the English merchants here, and to-day the business is almost at a standstill. In the bazars all the smaller shopkeepers have been warned that they must sell nothing to the Sowars and Sepoys, but ways and means are found to circumvent the order How long this boycott will last remains to be seen ; but already people are loud in their complaints about the dearness of everything. Without doubt the presence of the troops has raised the cost of such necessities, as fuel and fodder, both of which are, thanks to tribal troubles of last summer, in very short supply. But taking advantage of the Mullahs' action many shop-keepers are running up the prices for tea, sugar and general household stores.

Dr. (Miss) Ross arrived safely on the 5th instant from Adadeh under an escort of a squadron of the 39th Central India Horse. She reports herself as having been very badly treated by the Kurghelus. On her first robbery the scoundrels thrashed her on the body and head, and after her escape from them she had to walk bearheaded in the strong sun nearly all the way to Abadeh. The second robbery was of much less violent kind, and one of her assailants even remarked that it was not the custom of his tribe to rob women. Miss Ross has been paid compensation for the first, but not for the second robbery, the compensation representing purely out-of-pocket loss. Surely the British Government will see the necessity of exacting something more from the perpetrators of these outrages.

On the 12th there was a Proclamation Parade here in honour of the King-Emperor.

A letter, dated 21st December, adds that the boycott continues and European firms find that they can do no business. Though nominally a boycott of European goods, it is actually the boycott of firms as native merchants are selling their imports of European goods without let or hindrance. The moving spirit in the present instance is Mullah Mirza Arahim, who has recently been issuing his orders in a very lordly way, and unfortunately the people seem only too willing to take him at his own valuation, and bow implicitly to his orders. He issued a very peremptory notice that Indian troops must get no supplies, and, while able to get a little, the troops could not get all they required. Therefore on the afternoon of the 18th Mr. Knox (escorted by Colonel Douglas and a troop of the 39th Central India Horse visited the principal bazars and took what stores the men required, payment for such stores to be made at the Consulate. Most people thought this would bring the Mullah to his senses, but he promptly issued a manifesto saying that no money must be taken from the Consulate and that he would hold himself responsible for the value of all goods commandeered, and so things remain.

The Consul, Mr. Smart has left Bushire for Shiraz, and Consul, Mr. Knox, will on the former's return from leave hand over this Consulate and go to Resht. He has had very anxious and working time, while he held office here and will take with him the good wishes of everyone for success in his new sphere.

A WARSHIP ADRIFT.

Collides with New Battleship "Orion."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 8.

Owing to the strong tide, H. M. S. "Revenge" broke her moorings in Portsmouth Harbour, which was crowded with ships on Christmas leave. She crashed broadside on to the bow of of H. M. S. "Orion", and was badly holed. There were no casualties.

The "Orion" was not apparently seriously damaged, but she will probably be prevented from joining in the naval display on the King's return.

ATTACK ON GERMAN SOCIALISTS.

BERLIN, JAN. 7.

The *Norddeutsche-Allgemeine Zeitung*, in its election manifesto, says that the Socialists have held aloof from all measures assuring the defence of the Fatherland, for which the new Reichstag will probably soon have to make claims. No man, solicitous for the future of the Fatherland, can vote for the Socialists at this serious time.

EAST INDIAN STATION.

Admiral Bethell to Succeed Sir Edmond Slade.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

Admiral Bethell will succeed Sir Edmond Slade in command of the East Indian Station.

[Rear-Admiral the Hon. Alexander Edward Bethell, C. M. G., has been Director of Naval Intelligence since 1909. Born in 1855, he is a son of the 2nd Baron Westbury, and brother of the present peer. He married in 1890, Hilda Mary, daughter of B. Huntemsa.]

SITUATION IN CHINA.

The British Desire.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEKING, JAN. 8.

The Imperial troops have completed the evacuation of Hankow.

LONDON, JAN. 8.

Discussing the Chinese revolution the *Times* to-day remarks that Dr Sun-Yat-Sen's curious manifesto does not bring matters any nearer to a practical solution and excludes a pacific compromise.

The sole wish of Britain, says the paper, is the re-establishment in China as speedily as possible of a form of Government both stable and progressive. It is absolutely indifferent to Britain what that form of Government may be.

The *Times* nevertheless cannot help doubting whether the Republicans, for all their western Education, can succeed in setting up a system of Government in a setting alien to the most deep-rooted traditions and prejudices of the Chinese nation.

The *Times* welcomes the foreign occupation of the Peking Railway which is authorised by the Protocol of 1901 and justifield by the uncertainties of the situation.

FIGHTING IN TRIPOLI.

Rumour of Peace Negotiations Denied.

LONDON, JAN. 8.

A strong force attacked the Italians, while the latter were constructing outworks at Homs, on Saturday. The assailants were repulsed after three hours' fighting. Twenty-one Italians were wounded.

CONSTANTINOPLE, JAN. 8.

The recent rumour to the effect that peace would shortly be concluded between Italy and Turkey has surprised the Ottoman political circles. The journal, *Tanin*, says Turkey is firmly resolved not to accept a settlement affecting the Ottoman sovereignty in Tripoli. Possible complications in the Balkans will not deter Turkey from continuing war in Tripoli and will not affect her military strength.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, JAN. 7.

The P. and O. s.s. "China," with the English mails of the 29th ult., left for Bombay at 4 p.m. to-day.

DEATH OF ENGINE-DRIVER IN A COLLISION.

Widow's Claim for Damages.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 8.

An important case arising out of a serious Railway collision was decided at the Allahabad High Court to-day. The suit was filed against the Secretary of State in the Court of the Subordinate Judge of Meerut, and was to recover Rs. 65,000 from the Secretary of State as compensation for the death of the plaintiff's husband, Mr. Eden James Blanchette, who was killed in the collision between two passenger trains of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway which occurred on the 6th of May, 1908, between Ghaziabad and Dasana. It was said that Mr. Blanchette was earning Rs. 280 per mensem, that he died on 6th May 1908 by the collision of two trains of one of which he was the Engine Driver, that he left a widow, plaintiff, and six minor children, and that the defendant offered to plaintiff Rs. 2,160 only.

The plaintiff alleged that her husband was killed through the negligence of the defendant or his agent in appointing or retaining incompetent servants and through rash and negligent conduct and want of skill of servants and supply of suitable and safe machinery and tackle to servants working at Dasana and Ghaziabad, to wit tablet instruments, thereby rendering the plaintiff homeless and practically destitute with six minor children, and that she estimated her pecuniary loss at Rs. 65,000.

The defendant denied the allegations and pleaded that he was willing to pay compensation of Rs. 2,160.

The learned Subordinate Judge held that the defendent or his agents were not proved to be responsible for the death of plaintiff's husband and dismissed the suit.

Mrs. Blanchette appealed to the High Court. The Chief Justice in delivering the judgment of the Court said that it was not shown at all that the accident was due to any defect in instrument or its working. There was not the least evidence that there was any negligence of duty on the part of the E. I. Railway as representatives of the L.R. Railway in appointing competent servants or supplying safe and sound machinery for their working. In their opinion the decree passed by the lower Court for the defendants was a proper one and the suit and appeal of plaintiff should be dismissed. They however strongly recommeded the plaintiff to the consideration of both the Railway Companies. There was not the least doubt that plaintiff's husband met his death through negligence of somebody either a servant of one company or other, and that the plaintiff had been left destitute with minor children to support. Her case was an extremely sad one and well worth the kind consideration of the parties concerned.

ALLEGED THEFT OF JEWELLERY.

A Journalist in Trouble.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 8.

With reference to Reuter's telegrams relating to the arrest of P. De Bosseck in London, it might be interesting to note the confirmation leading to the arrest as furnished in December by Inspector Colquhon of Rangoon Police, which was then forwarded to Singapore. The accused made his appearance here 18 months ago. He left for Calcutta and returned here and the Singapore Police issued a warrant for his arrest and the Association of Diamond Merchants of Great Britain offered reward of £25 which Mr. Colquhon now claims.

THE ROYAL VISIT.

Departure from Calcutta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 8.

Their Imperial Majesties left Calcutta this morning, and were once more the objects of a great popular ovation, and respectful and sincere good wishes. Vast crowds assembled along the route from Government Palace to Prinsep's Ghat.

The high officials took leave of Their Majesties at Government House and the gorgeous procession left under a Royal Salute at eleven. As the procession moved slowly along Red Road and the Ellenborough Course, the King-Emperor and Queen-Empress were loudly cheered. Prinsep's Ghat was reached at 11-30, and representatives of various public bodies, the Ruling Chiefs of Bengal, Foreign Consuls, etc., were assembled there.

At Prinsep's Ghat the Hon. Mr. Slacke advanced and read an address on behalf of the Bengal Legislative Council dwelling upon the results of the Royal Visit and expressing the hope that Their Imperial Majesties would revisit India.

HIS MAJESTY'S SPEECH.

His Imperial Majesty made the following royal.

"The Queen Empress and I are deeply moved by the words of your address, and they are no empty words. They have been amply and visibly proved by the enthusiastic reception accorded to us on our arrival here, and no less by the affectionate demonstrations with which we have been greeted everywhere, and by all classes in Calcutta and its surrounding neighbourhood. For the remainder of our lives, we shall remember with feelings of pride and emotion the stirring experience of these past eight days. We shall recall the warm-hearted greeting extended to us on our arrival in your capital, and the sight of those patient and sympathetic multitudes, which had assembled from all parts of the province to testify their loyalty and devotion to my Throne and person. And I am gratified by the assurances given in your address that these outward proofs of allegiance and affection reflect the general sentiments of your fellow-subjects throughout the length and breadth of North-Eastern India. Nor shall we forget the striking scenes and brilliant displays, which have been so successfully organised and carried out to celebrate our visit. The people of Bengal offer us as a farewell gift their "overflowing love and gratitude." Rest assured that the Queen-Empress and I could ask for nothing more precious to us and to our children. We take it back to them to be cherished by them as a priceless heirloom.

Our hearts are too full to express adequately the gratitude for all you have done to welcome us and to make us at home amongst you. In bidding you farewell, the Queen-Empress and I frevently pray that all my subjects in Bengal of whatever race and creed be united by the ties of sympathy and brotherly love, and may under Divine guidance ever strive towards the advancement of their common happiness, contentment and general well-being.

Their Majesties were conducted on board the s. s. "Howrah" amid loud cheers, and the steamer slowly left the moorings, crossed the Ganges, and anchored at Howrah Railway Station. The ships in the port were gaily decorated and huge crowds on both banks cheered Their Majesties as the s. s. "Howrah" crossed the river, escorted by a number of ferry boats, which acted as scouts.

The King-Emperor's train steamed out of Howrah station at 12-40 by the Bengal-Nagpur route for Bombay. The party accompanying Their Imperial Majesties is the same as that which accompanied them to India. The Honorary aides-de camp taken on in India including the Maharajah of Gwalior, Bikanir and Idar, who were in attendance to-day, parted from Their Majesties at the railway station.

The Governor-General and Lord Crewe and staff left by special train by the East Indian Railway route at 12-40 o'clock.

CALCUTTA, JAN. 8.

While the Royal procession was in progress this morning a Eurasion of about 27 years of age made his way through the crowd and threw a petition into the Royal carriage. He was promptly arrested by the police and marched off to the thana.

The following gentlemen had the honour of taking leave of their Imperial Majesties at Government House before the King left to-day :—The Commander-in-Chief with his Staff, heads of Local Goverments and Administrations, the Most Revd. the Bishop of Calcutta, Metropolitan of India and Ceylon, Members of the Governor-General's Executive Council, Naval Commander-in-Chief with his staff, President and members of the Railway Board, Additional Members of the Governor General's Legislative Council, Secretaries and Deputy Secretaries to the Government of India, Headquarters Staff of the Army, Heads of Civil and Military Departments, the Chief Justice of Bengal, Puisne Judges of the High Court and Ruling Chiefs.

By command of the King-Emperor Mr. J. E. Madan, proprietor of the Elphistone Bioscope, gave a bioscope performance at Government House last night before Their Imperial Majesties. There were also present the Governor-General and Lady Hardinge, the members of the suite and the guests at the dinner party. A screen was erected opposite the south front of the House about fifty yards away from the entrance and Their Imperial Majesties and Lord and Lady Hardinge witnessed the pictures from the balcony above the entrance, the suite and other guests being seated on either side of the porch beneath.

The following programme of pictures was gone through :—The State Entry at Delhi., presentation of colours, Delhi Durbar, the arrival of Their Imperial Majesties in Calcutta, the race for the King's Cup. Calcutta Pageant. His Excellency afterwards sent for Mr. Madan's representative and informed him that the performance was a very good one and that Their Majesties had appreciated it very much.

HONOURS FOR POLICE OFFICERS.

CALCUTTA, JAN. 8.

Last night, at Government House, the following Indian Police Officers had the honour of being presented to His Imperial Majesty, who awarded to them personally the "Royal Victorian Order Medal."

Rai Sahib S. K. Mahapatra, Deputy Supdt. of Police, Simla ; Mr. Kathavala, Deputy. Supdt. of Police, Bombay ; Lala Brij Lal, Inspector, the Punjab ; Babu Aswini Kumar Guha, Inspector, Eastern Bengal and Assam.

At about 6 p.m., the whole of the Viceroy's Staff and the Officers commanding the escorts, were summoned before His Majesty, and presented with souvenirs of Their Imperial Majesties' stay at Government House. The souvenirs consisted of signed photographs, diamond pins, cigarette cases, etc. Among the recipients were Mr. R. W. Coryton, who was presented with a diamond pin, and Captain Mackenzie with a silver cigarette case. Many of His Excellency the Governor-General's household establishment have received similiar marks of Imperial favour.

While Their Majesties were passing through Chowringhee yesterday, a young Bengali threw a petition into the carriage. The youth was immediately arrested and the document taken possession of by the police.

At the marble palace in Chorebagan, Calcutta, yesterday the Sanjit Samaj fed some twenty thousand beggars and gave each a blanket in honour of the Royal visit. The cost of the entertainment was met by subscriptions from Hindus, Europeans and others, the Maharjah of Durbhanga contributing a lakh.

THE VICEROY.

The following notification has been issued :—

H. E. the Governor-General, Lord Hardinge, will leave Bombay from the Victoria Terminus of the G. I. P. Railway by special train at 5 p.m. (Standard Time) on Friday the 12th January. His Excellency's departure will be private. The Chief Secretary to Government and the Political Secretary will be in attendance.

The General Officer Commanding Bombay Brigade should be requested to issue the necessary orders for the firing of a salute of 31 guns to announce His Excellency's departure.

At all stations in the Presidency at which halts for one hour or upwards are made for rest or refreshment, His Excellency will be met by one Civil and (if a Military station) one Military officer only. At such stations, where possible, a Guard of Honour will be furnished by the G. I. P. Railway Volunteer Corps.

PORTUGUESE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

ARRIVAL IN BOMBAY.

His Excellency the Governor-General of Portuguese India arrived in Bombay yesterday, on a visit to His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor prior to his Majesty's departure for England. His Excellency was, on arrival at the Victoria Terminus station received by the Secretary to Government, Political Department, Viscount de Wrem, Consul-General for Portugal in India, Major-General Swan, Commanding the Bombay Brigade, Mr. S. M. Edwardes, Commissioner of Police, Mr. P. R. Cadell, Municipal Commissioner, and others. His Excellency inspected the guard-of-honour and proceeded to the Taj Mahal Hotel, escorted by the Body-Guard of H. E. the Governor of Bombay.

A salute of seventeen guns was fired to announce His Excellency's arrival.

MR. GOKHALE'S EDUCATION BILL.

Interpellations in Council.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 8.

At the next meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council on the 10th January the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale will ask the Government to lay on the table the opinions of Local Governments and Administrations on the Primary Education Bill, and also enquire about the final orders of the Secretary of State on the grievance of provincial engineers. He will also ask : "Will the Government be pleased to state whether the sum of 50 lakhs for the promotion of truly popular education announced by His Excellency the Governor General on the day of the Coronation Durbar at Delhi includes the present State expenditure on primary education, or is in addition to it, and whether the grant is an annual one, or is only a non-recurring allotment."

Mr. Subba Rao will ask : "With reference to the reply given by the Hon'ble the Home Member to a question asked by me on the 22nd September last on the subject of recruitment for the executive branch of the Provincial Service, will the Government be pleased to say whether they are now in a position to supply the information there requested ?

ALLEGED MISAPPROPRIATION.

Court Clerk Committed to Sessions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JAN. 8.

Dhondu Krishna Joshi, clerk in the Poona Arbitration Court, was to-day committed for trial at the Sessions Court for criminal misappropriation and forgery in the matter of a cheque for Rs 800 drawn by Captain Arthur Charles Thorne. 103rd Maharattas, Ahmednagar, in favour of Messrs Poonamchand Roopchand and Co. of Bombay. The accused to whom the cheque was handed forged the signature of Poonamchand Roopchand and Co, and had the cheque cashed in Poona. He admitted the guilt and was committed to the Sessions.

THE SHIKARPUR FIRE.

The King's Help to Sufferers.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JAN. 8.

By His Majesty's command the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor General has sent to the Commissioner in Sind Rs 1,000 for the relief of widows and small traders who have lost all by the recent fire at Shikarpur, Sind.

The Commissioner in Sind, in acknowledging the Royal contribution, despatched the following telegram to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor-General, "On behalf of the Shikarpur public, I humbly and dutifully thank His Majesty for his gracious consideration and Royal bounty to widows and small traders who have lost all by the recent Shikarpur fire."

FIRE IN CALCUTTA.

Damage Two Lakhs.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 8.

Over two lakhs of rupees' damage was done by the fire which broke out early this morning in Jorabagar. The fire occurred in what is known as the Posha Market and thirteen *katcha* godowns used for storing spices were burnt down. The fire was got under control at about 6 a. m.

THE DEHRA DUN TRAGEDY.

Statement by the Accused.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DEHRA DUN, JAN. 8.

On the case against Miss Mount-Stephens, who is charged with the murder of Miss Orme, being resumed, further evidence was led.

The Bank Clerk of the head office of the Bank of Upper India at Meerut stated that they had received by cablegram on the 13th of July £200 to the credit of Miss Orme ; and by cablegram dated the 1st of August, £130 to the credit of Miss Mount Stephens. The £200 was also credited to Miss Mount Stephens, on the 2nd of August from the Meerut Bank to the Musoorie Bank.

Miss Mount Stephens made the following statement to the Court :—"My name is Eva Mounce Stephens. I changed it sometime ago as every one spelt it that way and caused trouble. My younger sister and I asked our father if we might do so.

The statement of Mrs. Hood—"when Miss Mount Stephen came to Lucknow in the hot weather, or rains to fetch some clothes she told me Miss Orme was dying and would not live till October," and similar other statements —were read out to Miss Mount Stephens who in reply stated :—"I never told them Miss Orme was dying. I told them that Miss Orme herself said she was dying and would never go down the road to the plains. She said this before to Mrs. Foster and Mr. Pitsale at the table. At the cemetery we met Mrs. Foster and her nurse and another nurse when Miss Orme said 'I wish I was in my grave.' She mentioned to Dr. Osburn that a clairvoyant in London had told her she would die in 1911 in October, sometime before the 25th. The clairvoyant had also told her about the Doctor and that he would follow her out to India. Mrs. Winter was a lady she had known in England. She also called me Mrs. Winter because of a Captain Winter Seale. When I did not want her to do anything I used to wire 'Mrs. Winter says not to.' When she wired to me to go home with her I wired 'Mrs. W. or Mrs. Winter says don't go ; and writing.' Miss Orme believed the spirit of Mrs. Winter took care of her. She called me Mrs. Winter because I fussed over her and took care of her. She also said I resembled Mr. Winter. She used to try and convince me about spirits and said if anything happened to her the spirit would come to me to convince me. I did not say I left a heliotrope bottle with Miss Orme. I said a little bottle with heliotrope coloured medicine in it, a kind of sleeping draught to soothe her. The Doctor said she was not to have another dose till he saw her next morning. She was very seedy at the end of August. I sat up with her one night. She said she would die that night and put on white stockings and asked me not to let anyone wash her. She wrote some letters and gave me a packet of letters to put in her coffin. I did tell Miss Jackson that Mr. Pitsale had read my hand, and that I should inherit a lot of money from a rich lady. She must have mixed up the clairvoyant's statements to Miss Orme and the reading of my hand. Miss Jackson's statement of the night of the 18th is correct, I may add that Miss Orme's dog was howling. That was why I got out of bed and went to him. I knew the teeth were in the box, because my nurse-housekeeper brought them to me in a small tin box in which there was also a rubber syringe. They were wrapped in paper and tied round with what looked like a part of a handkerchief. This was in a box I got on the 12th. I never saw her without her teeth. She wore them by night and day. She always slept on her back with her hands folded on her chest. I know my banking account had swelled to several thousands and Miss Orme's had decreased. She wanted me to take all her money and do the housekeeping and she would come to me if she wanted any money. She said she knew she was dying and wanted me to have money to go on with."

Accused identified a letter written to Dr. Osburn saying she was sorry not to meet him Accused further said.—"She knew he had called at Guilford House as Mrs. Maule Cole had told her so."

The case was postponed till the 15th.

NEW SANATORIUM AT DEOLALI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NASIK ROAD JAN. 8.

The King George Hindu Sanatorium at Nasik Road, Deolali, was opened yesterday by Sir N. G. Chandawarkar. There was a large gathering present, including many visitors from Bombay and elsewhere. The Sanatorium is the gift of Rao Saheb Manaj Rajooji, of Bombay. He has spent nearly half a lakh of rupees on it, and it is intended to accommodate all castes of Hindus, who go to Deolali for a change of climate but cannot afford to hire suitable lodgings the building Consists of five blocks, accommodating in all 30 persons.

Sir Narayan Chandawarkar in the course of his speech said he was glad to find that people in this country were becoming more and more alive to the need of sanitariums. In these days of competition and the increasing stress of life, the middle classes and the lower classes of every community were being hit hard, especially by the rise in the standard of living. At such a time society feet the need of men who set it an example of social service such as Rao Saheb Manaji had set. Every one felt the need of social reform many talked about it; a few worked for it and showed the way. But amidst the complexities of modern life and the controversial spirit of the age we were in danger of forgetting that the surest, simplest, and most enduring way of reforming a community was by placing befo e it something good and great which it could see, experience, and admire. The late Mr. Tata was a man of many-sided and wonderful activities and the country owed to him a heavy debt of gratitude for his truly philanthropic works. But all that paled before one service of his. He built model houses and gave us object lessons in the art of wholesome living.

THE NEW CAPITAL.

Town-planning Expert to be Engaged.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 8.

In connection with the creation of the new Imperial Capital at Delhi, the Government of India have decided to bring out a town planning expert from Europe. He will be entrusted with the task of planning the capital up-to-date on modern lines.

THE "Observer", a Lahore English bi-weekly learns that the Manager of the North-Western Railway has issued orders to the effect that Indians shall no longer be referred to as natives an official correspondence or placards of the North-Western Railway and that the word 'Indians" be henceforth used in this connection.

UNDER THE SOUTHERN CROSS

AUSTRALIA'S TASK.

Federal Affairs.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

* MELBOURNE, DEC. 24.

Senator Pearce, Minister of Defence, speaking at the annual smoke social of the Royal Society of St. George, said ten years ago the British fleet was the first armed force in the Pacific. Now it ranked only third. That was not a comforting change to contemplate by those whose interests were wrapped up in the British Empire. That change was brought about not by anything that had happened in the Pacific or in the Northern Hemisphere, but by something at the very heart of the Empire. When he and the other Ministers visited England, and for the first time were taken into the counsels of those who were controlling the forces of the Empire, he realized the many weighty problems of responsibility which men in high positions had to face every day, and he was more than ever impressed that their responsibility and the responsibilities of Australia were bound indissolubly together. The spirit of independence and self-reliance which had placed the British nation, where it was to-day was the characteristic of Australians also, and it was no use, therefore, for any one to complain or cavil at this spirit revealing itself in the younger nation. So it came about that Australians desired to take some active part in Imperial concerns. They wanted to have a voice in moulding the policy that was building up the Empire. That spirit of Empire was being developed, so that on the sea they would be one. The fleet would be one. The command would be one. The navy that Australia was building would be a part of the other navies of the Empire, and they would all show an undivided front in times of necessity. Australia, isolated though she was, was yet the representative of the British power in the Pacific, and it was the task of Australia and New Zealand to restore the British flag to its previous position of pre-eminence which it had held in those waters. People there were who said that the task was too great for so small a nation. There were cases in history where smaller and less wealthy nations had accomplished as great things as Australia was sitting out to do. The Government were proposing to spend a pound per head of the population in establishing their naval policy, and they hoped to place on these seas before many years had passed a fleet worthy to take a place with the other fleets of the Empire. That was the only hope of keeping the British flag flying on these seas.

In dealing with several questions of naval defence, Senator Pearce said he intended to follow the advice given by Admiral Sir Reginald Henderson. The admiral had recommended that certain places should be made naval bases, and he intended to stick to those without reservation. Already parish pump influences had been at work to get Parliament and the Government to make those bases at different points. That the Government would not listen to. The Australian navy was being built up on the principales which had brought success to Great Britain. In Great Britain, however, the people had the advantage of having and Admiralty whose work was final, while in Australia, an admiral could be found on every street corner. The naval colleges and schools here would be founded on the lines of those in England, which he believed to be the best.

NEW SOUTH WALES SPEAKER.

Another disgraceful scene occurred to mark the termination of a particularly rowdy session in the Legislative Assembly. When the House met to receive measures from the Council and dispose of certain formal business, amidst a pandemonium of shouting and interjections a great number of questions on all manner of subjects were hurled across the Chamber, and confusedly answered by Ministers. Another factor tending to the disorganisation of the proceedings was that pretty nearly every member was in possession of a petition to be presented relating to the early closing of liquor bars. A dozen members at a time would rise and beseech the Speaker to receive their documents. Finally the necessary formal business was got out of the way, and the Premier rose to deliver the time-honoured valedictory remarks. The relations between the parties and with respect to the senior officer of the House during the session had been such that Mr. McGowen omitted the usual pleasant references to his opponents and the Speaker which ordinarily characterise such speeches.

Mr. Wade, on behalf of the Opposition, endorsed Mr. McGowen's eulogy of the permanent officers of the House, and was proceeding to refer to the indignities that the Opposition had suffered during the session at the hands of the Speaker.

Mr. Willis called him to order.

Mr. Wade repeated his protests, when the Speaker threatened to deal with him, if he continued to be disorderly.

Mr. Wade then walked out of the Chamber. There was no motion before the House, and the Speaker amidst confusion said, "The House now adjourns." He then stepped down and hurried out.

A score of Opposition members immediately jumped to their feet, and amid a tumult of jeers, hoots, and ironical cheers raced after the retreating Speaker and Mr. Wade. The charge certainly gave the Government members reason to believe that mischief was intended, and a counter rush set out from the packed Government benches, each member vociferating at the top of his voice, and the din being absolutely unprecedented in the precincts of Parliament. Howls of "You bottle-obs, you cowards," hoots, groans, sheers, and yells of derisive laughter produced an indescribable babel.

It was wonderful how the Speaker, whose activity is lessened by a pronounced limp, managed to reach his room in safety, but he was safely within closed doors when a torrent of excited pressmen and strangers from the gallery reached the corridors behind the Speaker's chair. There they joined several groups of political opponents, some making frantic overtures of fight, and others distractedly attempting to quell the disturbance. The officers of the House mingled in the crush, and a score or two of strangers and pressmen pushed into the surging, howling, and cursing group of extremists who were gathered before the Speaker's door, brandishing their fists, hooting, and yelling execrations.

For a time it seemed that no human agency could possibly prevent a free fight. Mr. Wade, who had been to his room, descended the stairs hurriedly and called out to his followers. "Don't do that," but seeing that his voice was utterly inaudible and his influence nil he retired promptly from the disgraceful scene. The efforts of the Parliamentary attendants finally thinned our the mass of belligerents, and matters settled down. The usual festivities which take place at the close of the session were of course cut out, and the session ended pretty much as it had begun in disorderly confusion and bitterness of spirit.

WARSHIPS AS MAILBOATS.

The South African Government's proposal that the Commonwealth and the Union should build a line of armed steamers for commerce in peace and fighting in war, is taken seriously by the Federal Ministers. It was discussed in London by the delegates to the Imperial Office, and, although no promises were made, it was agreed that the scheme should be fully considered. South Africa's immediate interest in the proposal is due to the trouble it is experiencing with its mail contractors, and it has proposed the scheme as an alternative to a new postal contract. In discussing it the Minister of Defence stated that Sir David Graff had devised a Government owned line passing between Great Britain and Australia, via South Africa. Sir David Graff had considered that fast steamers of special design, to carry guns and properly armoured on their weak parts, could be obtained at a reasonable price. The proposal had been thoroughly gone into in London, and it had been intended by the South African delegates to consult the Admiralty.

Mr. Fisher is not disposed to discuss the project further than to emphasise his frequently-expressed views that the best route for immigrants to Australia is via South Africa.

THE CAPITAL.

The significance of the Prime Minister's announcement in the House of Representatives on Friday last, that the Government intend to purchase with loan money freeholds existing in the capital territory lies in the fact that huge areas will be acquired. Of

[* By Telegraph to Perth W. A.]

676,539 acres in the territory, 153,409 acres are freehold, and all this will be bought outright by the Commonwealth. The Minister of Home affairs, stated on Saturday that the Lands Acquisition Act would be the means employed to gain possession but there was no intention to disturb existing holders except where the land was immediately required for Commonwealth purposes. Most of the land will therefore be bought from the owners and then leased to the occupiers. Of the rest of the territory, 151,396 acres are held under conditional purchase, part purchase, homestead purchase, or other process of alienation, and this area, Mr. O'Malley states, will be taken by the Commonwealth as needs require. Eventually the 300,000 acres will be possessed by the Commonwealth, and there will be no privately owned land in the territory. The amount of compensation to be given to owners may be covered by the £600,000 provided in the Loan Bill. The land will be acquired on its 1908 value, as computed by the Home Affairs Department valuers, who have been at work for two years in the territory. Against these valuations owners can appeal to the High Court.

THE MURRAY WATERS.

The owners of steamers which trade along the Murray are anxiously awaiting the time when, as the result of the long-promised Government scheme, it will be possible to continue running their vessels up and down stream throughout the year. The great need of a system of locks is felt every year for several months after Christmas, and the approach of the dry river season is already so seriously affecting traffic that boats cannot proceed farther up stream than Renmark. It is not expected that the larger passenger steamers will be able to run between Morgan and Renmark for more than a fortnight longer, but the vessels of the Gem Navigation Company will attend to the requirements of the settlers on the lower reaches, and the light-draught boats will ply between Morgan and Renmark until the lowness of the water makes further business impossible. The recent rains in New South Wales caused a trifling rise in the Murrumbidgee and Murray, which will steady the fall at Renmark a little, so that vessels of 3-ft. draught will be able to ply a short period longer than would have been possible in the absence of the downpour. It is too early to forecast the effect of the heavy falls in the watershed of the Darling in New South Wales and Southern Queensland, but up to the present the indications are not favourable and the water in sight may prove insufficient to allow the South Australian steamers to get through to Wilcannia and back. In order to pu[illegible] 6 ft. in the river at Wentworth a rise of 30 [illegible] necessary at Wilcannia and higher up. Shearing was still in progress at stations along the Darling when the river became unnavigable so that several thousand bales of wool are now awaiting shipment, and both growers and steamship-owners will take advant[illegible] the first rise to get the cargo to market. Unfortunately there is every prospect of the river being too low to enable even the lightdraught steamers to go to Renmark for the purpose of transporting the dried fruit cargo in February, in which event the expense of carriage by land will assuredly add to the cost to consumers. In anticipation of the fall in the rivers immense quantities of goods of all descriptions have been taken both up and down the river lately, and if a temporary flood should come down every steamer on the river will be dispatched immediately to bring down as much cargo as can be placed on the vessels and their barges.

IMPROVEMENT IN NAVIGATION.

Just when the Murray will be improved for navigation seems as much in doubt to-day as it has been all along. Certain proposals on the part of this State for the creation of a storage basin at Lake Victoria, where a large body of water could be impounded and allowed to flow down stream as the natural river level fell, have been on the tapis for some time, but are still, apparently, some little distance from finality. Mr. Glynn, counsel for the South Australian Government in regard to the Murray waters question has the matter in hand, and he gave an assurance on his return from Sydney last Saturday that, with the exception of one point, the agreement was absolutely settled. The point in debate relates to the overflow and inflow of water into Lake Victoria, in New South Wales, and Mr. Glynn said it would have been finalised had Mr. L. A. B. Wade, Chief Engineer for Irrigation in that State, returned to Sydney prior to the date on which he himself had to leave. As it was, he hoped to have the matter settled within a week or ten days; but, failing that, he would meet the New South Wales Attorney-General in Melbourne on December 29, when half a day, he thought, would serve to arrange it. Mr. Glynn's optimistic references created some surprise, it appears, when they were telegraphed to Melbourne. Victorian Ministers professed entire ignorance of the matter and said they did not know when the agreement was likely to be signed. Moreover, it was hinted that there was likely to be a further disagreement in regard to the general question of the allocation of the river water. Some enquiries on this point were made by Mr. Smeaton in the House of Assembly on Tuesday but the replies elicited from the Commissioner of Public Works contained practically no more information than that vouchsafed by Mr. Glynn. Mr. Peake complained that hon. members had been given no chance of discussing the report prepared by the Premier on his return from the last Murray Waters Conference, while Mr. Butler asked whether the attitude of New South Wales and Victoria had not been such that South Australia could not hope for a satisfactory allocation of water. The Commissioner of Public Works said the water stored in Lake Victoria was to belong to South Australia, whereat Mr. Butler interjected, "Yes because it cannot be sent up stream." Members had to leave the matter in much the same fog as that in which it is still enshrouded, and all that can be hoped at the present juncture is that Mr. Glynn's cheery predictions will be realised. When they are South Australia will probably be able to go ahead with the actual work of partially locking the stream.

APPETITE FOR SILVER.

Great quantities of silver have been taken out of the mines of Australia and a proportion of it has found its way back in the shape of money (says a Melbourne paper). Since 1872 the British Mint authorities have poured silver into this continent. At the end of 1909—just before the Commonwealth started to deal with its own silver coinage—the net issue of silver coins to Australia, after allowing for withdrawals of old and worn coins, stood at over three million pounds sterling. Some of this, no doubt, was subsequently exported to New Zealand and Fiji, but the great bulk remained in Australia. When the Commonwealth took a hand it found that the demand for silver had increased above all anticipations. The first few hundreds of thousands of pounds worth went out of official sight as if thrown into the ocean. Even to-day the Federal Treasury officers marvel at the rapidity and completeness of its disappearance. Order after order was cabled to the Imperial authorities, but the demand was not overtaken for many months. Since the Commonwealth took over the responsibility of issuing its own coinage—a period of less than two years—it has ordered nearly a million pounds' worth of silver and copper. The exact figures made up to-day are:—Silver, £900,000; bronze, £41,600. Of the silver, £240,000 worth, consisting of £170,000 in florins, £40,000 in sixpences, and £30,000 in threepenny-pieces, is now on the water. When it arrives the Federal officers feel assured that the capacious maw of Australia will be satisfied up till June next.

IMMIGRATION.

The Minister of Lands says that the Agent-General, who was negotiating with the shipping companies, cabled a few days ago asking how many berths the Victorian Government could undertake to fill per annum for the next three years. A reply was sent to Sir John Taverner, informing him that between 9,000 and 10,000 berths could be filled during each of the three years provided that there was no unforeseen visitation, such as a drought. These include the 6,000 berths arranged for a few days ago for 1912. The number may reach 12,000 or more, comprising over 2,000 artisans and female operatives. The officers of the Victorian agency in London are reported to be hopeful of sending out 3,000 emigrants next year if the shipping companies will find room for them.

A.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

SOUTHERN ARMY ORDERS.

The following order by General Sir Edmund Barrow G.C.B., have been issued from Head-Quarters at Ootacamund.

97th Deccan Infantry.—Major E. J. M. Wood, 2nd-in-command, 99th Deccan Infantry, is transferred in the same capacity to fill an existing vacancy and to remain seconded. Date 11th December 1911.

TRAVANCORE POPULAR ASSEMBLY.

Many New Bills Discussed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

TRIVANDRUM, JAN. 8.

The Travancore Legislative Council held its sittings at 12 noon to-day in the Dewan's room in the Public offices. Mr. Rajahgopala Charyar, the Dewan presided. All the official and non-official members were present.

The Secretary announced the appointment of Dr. Poonan as an official member in the place of Mr. Subramania Iyer whose term expired. He also announced that the Tobacco and Registration Regulations received the assent of His Highness.

The New Court Fees Act after the model of the British Code, with three other Acts, amending the Stamp Act the Breach of Contract. Act and the Revenue Recovery Act, were finally passed. The Marumakkathayam Bill was adjourned to a special meeting on the 5th February. The Rubber Theft Bill, the Motor Vehicles Bill and the Town Improvement Amendment Bill were deferred to the next meeting for consideration. The Anchal Bill and the Criminal Procedure Code Amendment Bill was referred to a Select Committee, the latter with an additional provision granting qualified privilege to represntations in the Popular Assembly. The New Factories Bill and another bill to amend the Hindu Religious Endowment Act will also be introduced.

The Dewan discussed with the members on all these subjects and the meeting closed its proceedings at 2 p.m.

MUSEUM CONFERENCE.

Agenda and Names of Delegates.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 8.

The following is the list of delegates who will attend the Museum Conference to be held on the 15th, 16th and 17th instant.

Madras:—Mr. A. [illegible] Rea, Superintendent, Archæological Survey, South[illegible] Circle; Bengal:—Mr. Percy Brown, Principal, Government School of Art, Calcutta; and Mr. Everett, Officiating Superintendent of Industries and Inspector of Technical and Industrial Institutions in Bengal; United Provinces:—Pundit Daya Ram Sahni, Curator of the Lucknow Museum; the Punjab.—Mr. H. L. Heath, Vice-Principal of the Mayo School of Arts, Lahore; Department of Commerce and Industry:—Mr. C. H. Tipper of the Geological Survey of India; Department of Revenue and Agriculture:—Mr. F. B. Fletcher, Officiating Imperial Entomologist, Agricultural Research Institute; Archæological Survey:—Dr. J. Ph. Vogel, Officiating Director-General of Archæology in India; Government of Ceylon:—Dr. [illegible] Pearson, Director, Colombo Museum; Baroda Durbar:—Mr. M. K. Kanga, Bareda State Museum; Federated Malay States:—Mr. H. C. [illegible] Museum; Director of Museums, Federated Malay States; Pudukkotta Durbar:—Mr. B. S[illegible]asthappa Chetty, Curation of the Pudukkottai State Museum; Mysore Durbar:—Mr. Krumbiegel, Superintendent, Mysore State Museum, Bangalore; Bombay:—Mr. C. L. Darwil, Principal, School of Art, Bombay, the Superintendent, Government Museum, Madras and the Superintendent, Indian Museum, Calcutta.

The following is the programme of the Conference:—

16th January—11 a. m. Address of welcome by the Governor of Madras; election of officers. A short account of the Madras Museum and its history, by Mr. T. N. Henderson, followed by an inspection of galleries. Exhibition and explanation of photographs of various Museums in Eastern Asia and of objects of interest contained therein. Discussion on the report of the Official Museums Conference, held at Simla in July, 1911.

16th January—10-30 a. m. Discussion on the status and functions (actual and potential) of a Standing Committee on Museums in India. Discussion on the appointment of experts in different branches of knowledge in connection with local and provincial museums. The position of the Archæological Survey of India with reference to such Museums. The preparation and circulation of loan exhibitions. Rules regarding the despatch of specimans to specialists in India or abroad for examination and return.

17th January.—A discussion (to be opened by a short paper by Dr. Vogell) on Museums as factors in the education of the country. Discussion (to be opened by a paper by Dr. Annadale) on "Museums as centres of research in Asia." The development of technical Museums in India with a note by Mr. W. H. Everett on similar Institutions in Germany. Notes and discussion on the method of preservation of specimens of different kinds.

THE ABOR CAMPAIGN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JAN 8.

The General Officer commanding the Abor Expedition telegraphs from Yambung on January 6th that no heliographic communication with the Dihong exploration party was possible on that day.

KOMSING, JAN 8.

One hundred rifles of the 1st Battalion. 8th Gurkhas, under Colonel Murray, D.S.O. arrived here yesterday. I am accompanying this force. Arrangements are being made for the erection of a stone on the spot where Mr. Williamson fell. Mr. Bentick has recently visited the village. The inhabitants are friendly.

ARMY COMMITTEE.

Meet in India Next Spring.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 8.

The constitution of the Army Committee which meet in India next Spring under the presidency of Field Marshal Sir William Nicholson is under discussion. It is considered probable that the financial expert will be Sir William Meyer and other members will be Lieutenant-General Sir Percy Lake and a War Office Expert.

"BOMB" MYSTERY SOLVED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

TUTICORIN, JAN. 8.

The report of, what is known as the Tuticorin Bomb Outrage, now turns out to be a canard and appears to have existed only in the imagination of the local police. No doubt the man who was arrested obtained from somewhere, probably on board of one of the steamers where he was working, a dynamite cartridge and, thinking the detonator was gold instead of brass was manipulating it thus causing an explosion with the result that a woman who stood near by was killed. The difficulty in obtaining a clue was due to the fact that the cartridge in question was a stolen one and the culprit feared punishment on this account.

MADRAS HIGH COURT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS. JAN. 8.

The *Madras Mail* understands that the appointment of two temporary judges for the Madras High Court, together with the necessary Ministerial establishment has been sanctioned.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

Distinction Earned by Members.

A MEETING of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, the Hon'ble Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta, the President, presiding.

After signing the minutes of the proceedings of the last meeting, the President said that before they proceeded with the business before the meeting, he wished to ask the members, following precedents, to join him in congratulating three of the members among them for the high honour bestowed upon them by His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor. They were perfectly aware upon whom the honour had been conferred. Sir Sassoon J. David by his philantropic and generous deeds had amply earned the baronetcy conferred upon him. The next gentleman to whom he might refer to was his esteemed and old colleague, the Hon'ble Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla. He had peculiar pleasure in congratulating him and asking the Corporation to join him because he had worked side by side with them in the administration of the Municipality of the City not without doing useful and essential work in the interest of the public of Bombay. They all were perfectly aware of the useful work done by Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla on the Corporation. He need not refer to the very valuable services rendered by Sir Ibrahim in other directions, though he could refer to the useful work he had been doing on the Board of the Improvement Trust, because he represented the Corporation on that Board. He need not forget, Sir Phirozeshah added, the Hon'ble Mr. J. P. Orr, who had been decorated with the C. S. I., and the Corporation would join him in congratulating him upon the distinction he had earned, which was he took it the precursor of many more to come. He was sure the Corporation while congratulating those gentlemen would congratulate themselves on the fact that so many of them were selected for high distinction in commemoration of a most pleasant event through the festivities of which they were at present passing.

The Hon'ble Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla thanked the President and the members for congratulating him on the honour conferred upon him, in the kind words used by Sir Pherozeshah. Beyond doing his duty in his own humble way, he said, he had done nothing more.

The business of the meeting was then proceeded with.

COMPULSORY RE-VACCINATION.

Consideration was given to a letter addressed to the President on the 9th October 1911, from Dr. Vinayak Sokarji Trilokekar, L. M. & S. and several others—forwarding copy of a petition, addressed to His Excellency the Governor-in-Council, against the proposed introduction of compulsory re-vaccination in the City and stating that a thorough and exhaustive investigation made by the Royal Commission on vaccination resulted in the finding that the case in favour of vaccination was "not proved" and in the insertion of the "Conscience Clause" in that Vaccination Act; that the evidence before the Royal Commission as to cases of re-vaccinated persons becoming infected with small-pox was to abundant that the alleged guarantee of re-vaccination affording immunity from small-pox has been abandoned by official adherents of the Jennerian doctrine themselves. It was requested that the Corporation would be pleased to reconsider their decision regarding re-vaccination in the view of the facts related by them.

Consideration was also given to a letter from the Secretary, National Anti-Vaccination League, on the same subject, and also a letter, from Mr. Jal Sorab Mirzan, on the same subject.

On the motion of Colonel Collie, the matter was referred to the Committee who originally considered and reported upon the subject.

A HOUSE-OWNERS' PROTEST.

Consideration was given to a letter to the Standing Committee and the Corporation, dated the 17th October, 1911, from Messrs. Nanu Hormusjee & Co., Solicitors, on behalf of their client, Mr. Haji Jan Mahomed Moosa—stating that in pursuance of the Commissioner's sanction to a building plan at premises Nos. 124-126, Kambekar Street, their client built a portion, but that he made a slight addition to the central portion of the building, with a view to secure privacy and to protect a passage from sun and rain, as he was advised that the alteration would contravene no provisions of the Municipal Act, that the Commissioner had sent a note of dissent in regard to the work, and had their client prosecuted for breach of Municipal law, and that Commissioner appeared to take this matter as a protector of the neighbouring house-owners' rights. It was submitted that their client failed to understand in what way the portion contravened the provisions of Section 349 B of the Municipal Act as alleged, having regard to the proviso to that Section and having regard to the sanction granted by the Commissioner to the portion. It was further stated that they had addressed a letter to the Commissioner requesting him to reconsider the matter and to refer it to the Standing Committee and the Corporation and pending their consideration to stay action against their client. It was added that unless their client was assured that his case would be properly considered and that, pending the same, legal proceedings would be allowed to stand over, their client would be reluctantly compelled to proceed, for staying any action against him on the part of the Municipal Authorities.

Mr. Pheroze C. Sethna, Chairman of the Standing Committee moved that as recommended by that Committee the Solicitors be informed that the Corporation saw no reason to interfere in the matter.

Mr. A. M. Todd moved an amendment to the effect that the Corporation desired that the Commissioner should re-consider his decision in the matter.

Being put to the vote the amendment was defeated and the original proposition was agreed to.

BUDGET ESTIMATES.

MR. SETHNA'S OPENING REMARKS.

Mr. Pheroze C. Sethna in laying the Municipal Budget Estimates for 1912-13 before the Corporation made the opening remarks as follows:

In presenting to the Corporation the financial statement of our income and expenditure for the official year 1912-13, I have to observe that we find ourselves again with a record revenue and have also estimated for a record expenditure. The steady growth of the city explains our estimate of an increase in the yield of our General and Halalkhor Taxes as also in the Water Tax owing to the annually increasing consumption for trade purposes. The statement, I trust, will be accepted as a clear-ing document, for we have to congratulate ourselves not only on the expected increase of revenue from the several sources but also on the proposals to spend it on several useful objects. The income and expenditure balance themselves remarkably well. It is a well known canon of taxation that outlay should not exceed income and that the tax revenue ought to be kept up to the amount required to defray expenses. Whilst a business manager will therefore gloat on the surplus that his year's operations will yield him, we in preparing our estimates should neither aim at swelling our surplus nor allow a deficit, if possible. The income for 1912-13 is estimated at Rs. 1,20,05,500, and it exceeds the estimate of expenditure by just Rs. 831. These figures approximate one another as closely as possible. Because the income and expenditure balance themselves so well and there is no large surplus, it is not necessary to enhance taxation, for in recent years even fairly liberal estimates of revenue have had a trick of proving conservative and upsetting calculations made at the beginning of the year. The expanding revenues of the city, though not at present on as large as scale as in the past few years, arise from sources that are permanent and not transitory which adds to the confidence we lay in our financial stability. This leads on to the alarm that was sounded in some quarters at on time—not far distant, that the finances of the Corporation required careful looking into as they were believed to be absolutely unsound. The fact that for a time the annual excess of expenditure over the preceding year increased faster than the corr sponding excess in income was realised by the Standing C mmittee and the situation was remedied by the very careful preparations of the two Budgets previous to the present. A policy of caution and retrenchment has been adopted and is continued, but there has been no reason to question the sound ness of our finances, knowing as we do that our assets exceed our liabilities by two crores and a half. Leaving alone what sum there is to the credit of the Sinking Fund and again there is yet an appreciable reserve in the taxing capacity of the Municipality. I will not labour this point further at the present stage as I expect to revert to it again towards the close of my remarks. Our estimates open with a balance of Rs. 19,60,000. This large surplus may kindle in the minds of many the hope that a reduction in the rates or in the grain duty or aught else might be proposed. The Standing Committee do not think it right to recommend any such relief at present and for good reasons. In the first place there is no guarantee that if we proposed a slight reduction in the coming year.

The Commissioner has in this year's Budget introduced an innovation with which the Standing Committee is quite at one. In the past we have added to the income side the realisations of "interest on Sinking and Insurance &c. Fund Investments" and debited to the expenditure side the reinvestment of the same money. These are not correctly speaking items of income and expenditure and necessarily swell the totals. They are cross entires as it were and have been advisedly estimated. Rs. 4,70,000 was the amount so added to the income and expenditure sides of the 1911-12 Budgets and with its inclusion the total of the income amounted to Rs. 1,20,17,000. Without this item the income in 1913-12 is estimated at amounting to Rs. 1,20,00,500.—At first sight, therefore, it would appear as if there was a slight falling off whereas there is an increase and it works out at Rs. 3,93,500. I have practically dealt with all the important features in the Budget but before concluding I would like to say a few words again in regard to the stability of our finances. This will mean my placing before you a few figures and a study of figures as a rule is not very inviting. I will not weary you with any more than I can help. Let us attempt to examine the stability of our finances from different standpoints. Again from the standpoints of income and expenditure we find that there were deficits for three years running viz. Rs. 3,00,000 in 1907-08, Rs. 3,44,000 in 1908-09 and Rs. 1,83,000 in 1909-10. By careful financing, by a strick check on our expenditure and owing to the gradual expension of our revenues we were able to turn the corner in 1910-11 which resulted in a surplus of Rs. 9,15,000. We except a similar favourable result in 1911-12 and in the Budget now before us we have provided for a practical equilibrium between income and expenditure. We might again apply the test from the standpoint of fixity of taxation. For the three years 1910-11, 1911-12 and 1912-13 the rates of taxation have been stationary. It is true that in 1910-11 taxation was raised by 7·8 per cent on rateable value but this was inevitable in consequence of an increase in the year of Rs. 55,000 in our contribution to the City [illegible] increase of Rs. 1,25,000 in the grant for Primary Education and Rs. 1,75,000 in our Interest and Sinking Fund charges of that year. Our estimate of expenditure in the Budget before us has increased by 11 1-4 lakhs over the actual expenditure of 1910-11 and the fact that we have been able to provide for this large excess without any increase in the rate of taxation is a guarantee of our capacity for expansion and a sufficient reply to those who prophested an early rise of taxation to the maximum allowable under the law. If we review our financial position from the standpoint of our indebtedness, there are two axioms to be borne in mind. (1) That a sound financial policy will not impair the patrimony of a corporate body and (2) that the loan outlay or indebtedness should be so divided as to keep it in a nearly constant proportion to the rateable value of the wealth liable. Our patrimony consists principally of the rateable value of the lands and buildings in the city. We might, therefore, examine how our indebtedness compares with it now and in former years. The ratio has to be taken of the total rateable values of the lands and buildings in the city to the aggregate amount of indebtedness. This ratio was as 1 to 1·64 at 31st March 1903-03. At this date the rateable value of lands and buildings in the city was Rs. 2,87,14,000 and of Municipal Debt Rs. 4,71,56,000. It came down to 1 to 1.33 in 1906-07 and it was still further reduced viz. 1 to 1·23 in 1909-10. In the following year it was 1 to 1.20 and in 1911-12 and 1912-13 it is estimated at 1 to 1·22 and 1 to 1·25 respectively. The figures to-day of the rateable value of the lands and buildings in the city and the total of Municipal Debt are respectively Rs. 4,90,00,000 and Rs. 6,14,50,000. Compared to ten years ago it will be seen to what considerable extent we have conserved our patrimony. The Act provides that the sum borrowed shall not at any time exceed, with the balances of all outstanding loans and debts in the whole, double the rateable value of the premises in "the city assessable." The ratio of indebtedness is, therefore, well within the maximum and what is more for the last three years it is practically stationary. Such results could only be achieved by the most careful and judicious methods. Against a reserve, calculating interest and Sinking Fund at slightly over 5 per cent we can certainly increase our indebtedness by Rs. 1,10,00,000 and that without taking into consideration our annual increasing revenue. The figures I have placed before you go a long way to prove the stability of our finances and from whatever standpoint we examine them I venture to submit we find them healthy and promising.

Mr. Shapurji S. Mistry said that they had a very large balance left at the end of the year but that should not be the means of encouraging unnecessary large expenditure.

Mr. Joseph Baptista pointed out that it was not correct to call that a prosperity budget as the stability of their finances was at stake.

The Hon'ble Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla pointed out that the balance to be reserved at the end of the year was originally fixed at a lakh. Subsequently it was found that it should be ten lakhs, and the Chairman of the Standing Committee brought it should be fifteen lakhs. Now the ensuing budget should a balance of nineteen lakhs, which at least should an increase of four lakhs. That amount should be under the act refunded to the taxpayers as the revenue from which the surplus derived was obtained by taxation. The Corporation should therefore in the first instance fix what should be the amount of the balance to meet contingency expenses during the year, for it was not possible for any public body to estimate the actual figures either for revenue or expenditure. Once if it was decided what the balance should be then it would be for the Corporation to decide whether or not the taxes should be reduced.

Further consideration of the Budget was then adjourned to Thursday next.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

(Continued from page 4).

The "Eclair" says that the Chamber responded to the expectations of the country, for if the latter is hostile to the agreement it does not ignore the obligation to ratify it.

The "Humanite" proclaims that it would be criminal now not to carry out the agreement in a spirit of equity and peace.

ANTI-ENGLISH CAMPAIGN.

While societies are being founded in England for the promotion of better feeling between England and Germany, the German Navy League is working in the opposite direction in Germany. A meeting convened by the league at Wiesbaden on Saturday evening last was addressed by Count Gersdorff, who directed his remarks almost entirely to the aspects of the German navy as opposed to that of Great Britain. The lecturer showed several lantern pictures of British Dreadnoughts and a few of German cruisers in order to emphasise his arguments in favour of increasing the German navy to a state of being able to deal with a British Fleet. What he termed the many recent cases of espionage on behalf of the British Government were quoted as an additional reason for such increase, and as a further excitement of the crowded audience the lecturer asserted that in July last British torpedo destroyers followed and watched the German North Sea fleet ready to open fire when necessary. Count Gersdorff quoted the fact that whereas German agriculture was able now to supply 90 per cent. of the German food supply, British agriculture was only able to feed 15 per cent. of the popu ation of the British Isles. The local Press remarks that the unanimous feeling of the great audience was proof of the correctness and importance of the views of the Navy League.

SPORTING NEWS.

BOMBAY RACES.

5th Extra Meeting.

SATURDAY, 13TH JAN.

Entry closed at 6 p.m. on Monday 8th January.

THE BEGINNERS' PLATE.—5 furlongs.

Mr. R. S. Forage's b e g Lapland, (3 years).
Mr. W. Kenworthy's b e g Wassail by Isinglass—Senatina, (5 years).
Mr. Brain's b e g Torsal by Misel Thrush—Palmetto, (6 years).
Mr. J. Crawford's ch e g Bachelor's Knot by Tredomine—Haply, (5 years).
H. H. the Maharajah of Rewah's b aus h Lancelar, (5 years).
Mr. J.C. Smith's b aus g Duke of Lancaster, (6 years)

THE NEW YEAR PLATE.—About 1 mile.

Mr. Alp's b e h The Cellarer (4 years).
Mr. R. S. Forage's b e m Aqueduct (3 years).
Mr. M. Gosuldas's ch e g Forfeit (aged.)
Mr. A. S. Oomer's ch e g Matajele (5 years).
Mr. P. B. Avasia's bl n am g Gallileo (aged).
Mr. P. B. Avasia's b e g Vancouver (aged).
Mr. T. Gordhandas's ch e g Huks (aged).
Mr. T. Gordhandas's b aus m Mafoota (aged).
Mr. Homi Bilimoria's b aus g Bright Metal (6 years)
Mr. R. R. S' br e g Langton (4 years).
Mr. J. E. Smith's b orbr aus m Lancasterite (aged).

THE PRONGS PLATE.—About 1 mile (1 mile scale.)

Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Aga, (5 years.)
Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Money Gold, (5 years.)
Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Soomsam, (5 years.)
Mr. Yussuff bin Esna's g a h Ghalyam, (5 years.)
Mr. A. S. Oomer's b a h Desert King, (6 years.)
Mr. A. S. Oomer's g a h Well Done, (6 years.)
Mr. Heath's ch a h Sir Hugo, (6 years.)
Mr. R. B's q a h Regent, (5 years.)
Mr. Beg's b a h Mysore, (5 years.)
Mr. Zaid bin Mahomed's ch a h Harry Johnson, (5 years.)
Mr. Muzeed Khalechi's b a h Soolitanal-Mulook, (5 years.)
Mr. Tahar Yuni's b a h Tressady, (5 years.)

THE HOPEFUL PLATE.—5 furlongs.

Mr. Ali bin Talib's g a h Ya Nasib 14 0
Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Galiard 13 2 3-4
Mr. Abdoola Faraz's b a h Clarenceux 13 3 3-4
Mr. Haji Ahmed Baghdady's ch a h Rahad 13 3 1-4
Mr. Haji Ahmed Nagnesary's g a h Moyaie 13 3 3-4
Mr. Fahad Nuseery's b a h Beekhan-el-mulook 13 3 3-4
Mr. Budr. bin Alwashi's b a h Agah Pasha 13 3
Mr. Budr. bin Alwashi's g a h Mijbas 13-2 1-4
Mr. Syed Hasoon Moosa's g a h Aniaj Beg 13 3 1-4
Mr. Mahod's Jalag's b a h Talbusk 13 2 1-2
Mr. Hoosain Taher's ch a h Master Bill 14
Messrs. A. A. Shamlan and Hasean Katoon's b a h Manchester 12 1 1-2
Mr. Abdoola Tamini's g a h Little German 13 2 1-2
Mr. Abdoola Mahalla's g a h Kabul 13-2
Mr. Ahmed Hargani's b a h Lucky Slave 14
Mr. Nawab Taki Khan's g a h Taki Khan 14
Mr. Khalib Dooree's b m Khanaa 14
Mr. Kalib Dooree's g a h Biglig 13 3 3-4
Mr. R. S. Forage's g a h Khalid Beg 14
Mr. Jessop's g a h Goorji Beg 13 3 1-2
Mr. D. Framji's b a h Helmir 13 3
Mr. D. Framji's b a h Jamaal Beg 13-3
Mr. A. R. Dakhil's g a h Hidayat Pasha 13-2 3-4
Mr. A. R. Dakhil's g a h Lord Simon 13-3
Mr. Abdoola Mana's b a h Beam 13-1 1-2
Mr. Abdoola Mana's ch a h Good Success 14
Mr. Ebrahim Mana's ch a h Shayebi 13 3 1-2
Mr. Sulleman Mahalla's g a h Takdir, 13 3 2-4.
Mr. A. Nanji's b a h Jais, 14.
Mr. A. Nanji's g a h Royal Bloom, 13-2.
Messrs. A. Nanji and M. Gooculdass' b a h Cross, 13 3 1-2.
Mr. H. Jamsetji's b a h Cexcomb, 13 3.
Mr. Salim Abdul Rehman's b a h Mubrook, 13 2 1-4
Mr. S. Esmail's g a h Jofaran, 13 2 3-4.
Mr. Lafte bin Sultan's g a h Malum, 13 1 1-4.
Mr. A. Rahimtoola and Dr. D'Avome's ch a h Best Chance, 12 3.
Mr. A. S. Oomer's g a h Evening News, 13 3 1-2.
Messrs. Heath and A. S. Oomer's b a h Miafush, 13 3 3-4.
Mr. Sayeed Mahomed's g a h Brow, 13 2 1-2.

THE HOPEFUL PLATE.—Continued.

Mr. S. A. Wahed's g a h Sorcerer 14 0.
Mr. A. Razak's g a h Sirmust 13 3 1-2.
Mr. Ahmed Deeb's ch a h Starling 14.
Mr. Abdul Aziz Abdul Karim's g a h Texab 13 3.
Mr. Abdul Aziz Hoomedi's b a h Egyptian 14.
Mr. Esmail Gussoo's g a h Assistant 14.
Mr. F. Cassum's g a h Professor 13 2 1-2.

THE MAHIM PLATE.—About 7 furlongs.

Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Lookman 14.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Singer 13 3 3-4.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Soomsam 14.
Mr. Abdulla Faraz's ch a h Aurum 13 2 1-2.
Mr. Mujeed Jargi's ch a h Little Laffy 13 3 1-2.
Mr. Bampfylde's b a h St. Anthony 14-0
Mr. Bampfylde's b a h Young Thara 13-3 1-2.
Mr. Thimbie's g a h Fairplay 13-3.
Mr. Eastwood's g a h Dilkush 13-3 1-2.
Messrs D. Framjee and Mehta's bl a h Young Majul 14-1.
Mr. R. S. Forage's g a h Lama 14-0.
Mr. R. S. Forage's b a h Saree 13-3.
Mr. Rahad bin Saif's ch a h Woolwinder 13-3 1-2.
Mr. Lion's g a h Pendil 13-3.
Mr. M. Cassum's b a h Sinclair 13-3 1-2.
Mr. Gooculdas' g a h Sweden 13 2 3-4.
Mr. M. Gooculdas' b a h Burg 13-2 1-2.
Mr. Nasar Abdulla's g a h Pape, 13-2 1-2.
Mr. J. M. Mistry's ch a h Shibab, 13-2 1-2.
Mr. A. Bakra Rahman's g a h Good-Evening, 13-2 1-4.
Mr. Dara Cowasji's b a h Gafal, 13-2.
Mr. Zaid bin Mahomed's g a h Makeb, 14-0.
Messrs. R. S. Forage's and F. B. Saif's g a h Polish, 13-2 1-4.

YACHT CLUB RACES.

The following races will be sailed on Saturday the 13th instant all entries must reach the Honorary Secretary Sailing Committee before 6 p.m. on Thursday the 11th instant:—

"A" Class, start at 3-30 p.m. Course—Cee Vessel—S Karanja port—N Karanja port—Cee Vessel—N Karanja port—Cee Vessel. 12·95 miles.

"B" Class, start at 3-10 p.m. Course—Cee Vessel—Mark Buoy port—Tucker Beacon port—Cee Vessel. Then the short course 8-83 miles.

"C" Class Handicap combined with Tomtit Class Race, start at 3 p.m. Course—Cee Vessel—N Karanja port—Cee Vessel—S Karanja port—Cee Vessel, 10·76 miles.

Ships' Boats, start at 2-50 p.m. Course No. 16 6·16 miles.

Mets Class Race for Gordon Bennett Cup, start at 3-20 p.m. Course—Cee Vessel—S Karanja port—N Karanja port—Cee Vessel—N Karanja port—Cee Vessel. 12·95 miles.

HIGH COURT—JANUARY, 9.

(Before the Hon'ble The Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell.)

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

15-11, 322-10—Bhai K and G Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal vs. The Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Co. Ltd. Payne and Co.

27-11, 499-10—Judah and S Apurnabai vs. Dhanamdas Atmaram Nanu H and Co.

32-11, 726-10—Jam R and D Vallivahew widow vs. Purshotam Vishram Mowji—Dik Dh and S.

35-11, 826-10—S A Tyabji Amtoolaboo vs. Mahomedalli Hassanalli Khambata Jam R and D.

36-11, 932-10—Jam R and D Heerji Dossa a firm vs. R. D. Sethna, Payne and Co.

37-11, 167-06—Ard H D and Co. Lalji Narsey Ludha vs. Kessowji Peonja—Wadia G and Co.

39-11, 1194-10—Cap. and V. Mahadeo Sakharam Suide vs. Rakhminibai widow Jeh G and B.

40-11, 499-11—Malvi H. M. and R Moorbai vs. Jethabhai Heerji and others Cap and V.

26-11, 63-10—Shroff D and D M M Cama and another vs. The Secretary of State for India in Council R. F. Nicholson.

(Before the Hon'ble Justice Sir Dinshaw D. Davar)

For Decree Absolute.

373-02—Judah and S. P. S. Wharson vs. Ella Choloe Wharton and another.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Cause.

612-10—Bhaishankar K and G. Mathuradas Vasanji Khimji. vs Narotamdas Thakoredas and others. Madhowji K. and C.

For Further Directions and Cost on Commissioner's Report.

331-07—Mulla and M. Domingo Noronha and others. vs Viscount de Wrem and others. D. J. Mantri.

692-10—Captain and V. Mahomed Yoonus Curtay and others. vs Kazi Ismail bin Kazi Goolamalji Mehri and another. D. J. Mantri.

1029-10—Unwalla and P. Abdulla E. Mistry vs Tribhowandas Varjiwandas, Thakurdas and Co.

For Hearing on Exceptions to Commissioner's Report.

269-11—Ardeshir H. D. and Co. Bhimji Bhanji. vs James Mitchell Taniah and others. Payne and Co.

Long Causes.

962-10—Manecklal and Co. Rattansi Asseria and Co. vs Turner Morrison and Co. Crawford and Co.

966-11—[illegible] Madowji K. and C.—[illegible]bhai Vasanji vs. Joshi Kaba Mohanji.

995-11—Manoh and Nar. M. [illegible] Parekh vs. Parbhudas, Gangadas and another—Payne and Co. Pestonjee R. K. and Co.

Undefended New Long Causes.

842-11—Malvi H. M. and R. Mamaval Ramchand vs. Govindrai Jamnadas a firm.

Long Causes.

900-10—Mirza M. and M. Thakar Laljee Padamsey vs Kansara Naron Lalji. Malvi H. M. and R.

312-11—Manchershaw and N. Nusserwanji Cawasji Poonawalla vs Bhawsram Ramchandra. Khunderao L. and M.

125-11—Sabnis and G. (ForPauper). Saibai widow vs Rangoobai widow and others Little and Co.

797-09—Madhavjee K. and C. Dewji Waghji and another vs Hansra

BY THE WAY.

THE LATE MR. JUSTICE GRANTHAM.

The late Mr. Justice Grantham was often at loggerheads with somebody. But in spite of many "blazing indiscretions" which he seemed wholly unable to suppress, Sir William was in private life one of the most genial and kindly of men, who loved nothing better than a joke, even when it was at his own expense. With all his impulsive truculence, he was a man of warm heart and generous sympathies, who combined in an eminent degree the faculty of provoking public criticism with the capacity for winning the affectionate regard of all who knew him in the relations of private life. Not very long ago at Liverpool, Mr. Justice Grantham made a long reply to his critics, the concluding words of which were as follows: "From the day I was first appointed a judge to the present I have never wittingly, by word or deed, done or said anything to give a partisan or political complexion to my judicial work."

THE JUDGE AND THE SMOKER.

There are many stories associated with his name. He once rebuked a man of sullen temper for blowing clouds in a "non-smoker." "This is not a smoking carriage," he observed, rather wrathfully. "I know that, old 'un," grumbled the stolid one, "but I be a-goeing on with this 'ere smoke." His lordship's temperature rose spontaneously. He passed the yokel his card and said he would report him at the next station. When the next stopping-place was reached, the yokel quickly changed into another carriage, but the judge sent the guard to get his name and address, as he intended to prosecute him. The guard went to the yokel's compartment, and returned to Mr. Justice Grantham and whispered, "If I were you I would not prosecute that gent; he has just given me his card—here it is—and he is Mr. Justice Grantham!"

THE STORY OF THE COLSTOUN PEAR.

The Earl of Dalhousie is the life custodian of an alleged magical and most interesting heirloom, known as the Colstoun Pear, which had an original connexion with Yester, the scene yesterday of the interment of the venerable Marquis of Tweeddale. The "Edinburgh Dispatch" tells the story. In the year 1260, the daughter of Hugo de Giffard believed to be in league with Satan, and thus known as the Warlock o' Gifford, married a neighbour, Broun of Colstoun, in the chapel attached to the Warlock's stronghold, Yester Castle. As his child's dowry the Warlock plucked a pear from a tree and handed it to the young couple. His Uncanniness gave them the assurance that as long as the fruit was preserved intact their descendants would prosper.

NOW A FOSSIL.

The Brouns, true to the Warlock's prediction, did flourish down to the reign of Charles I. Then a Broun old maid was imprudent enough to try her teeth on the pear. The result was that her people became involved in unsuccessful litigation, and had to dispose of a couple of the best farms on Colstoun estate to pay expenses. Christian Broun, the heiress of the late Broun of Colstoun, married, in 1805, the ninth Earl of Dalhousie. Thus her husband's family obtained possession of the heir-loom. The Colstoun Pear, centuries and centuries a fossil, is kept in a silver box of quaint make nearly as old as itself. On it (the pear) the marks of Miss Broun's incisions are plainly visible.

ROYAL EXCHANGE A SEAT OF LEARNING.

The Royal Exchange, which is undergoing extensive repairs and improvements, has been twice destroyed by fire. The first Exchange, founded by Sir Thomas Gresham, and opened by Queen Elizabeth, perished in the Great Fire. Pepys describes the ruins as "a sad sight, nothing standing there of all the statues or pillars, but Sir Thomas Gresham in the corner." Oddly enough, when the Royal Exchange was burned down a second time in 1838 the statue of Sir Thomas Gresham again escaped uninjured. Few guess that the Royal Exchange was once a seat of learning, the only London University. Formerly the Gresham Lectures were delivered in Latin, to a scanty or non-existent audience in a room at the top of the second edifice.

A CUP OF TEA.

The "Lancet" publishes an article upon tea in which the results are summed up under this title of an investigation continued since the first report was published in January last. The suggestion that an infusion of good tea consists chiefly of caffeine tannate is confirmed. It is pointed out that when caffeine and tannin are in a state of combination—neither, that is, being in the free state—the harmful astringent qualities of the tannin disappear the bitter taste of free caffeine is not perceptible. The teas of high quality yield as a rule a simple infusion of caffeine tannate not of caffeine or of tannin. Such teas must be regarded as the most desirable from a physiological point of view. It is interesting to find that, as a rule, the expert taster picks out these teas as teas of high quality.

GOOD AND BAD TEA.

Good teas, in short, according to this inquiry, are those which on a five minutes' infusion yield only caffeine in the form of caffeine tannate to the infusion; and bad or indifferent teas are those which yield on infusion a tea containing, in addition to caffeine tannate, either caffeine or tannin, but especially tannin, in excess. A good tea may be made a bad tea, but a bad tea cannot be made a good tea except perhaps by very skilful blending. Excessive infusion will spoil a good tea, but even a short infusion of a bad tea may be at objectionable as an excessive infusion of a good tea. On physiological grounds, therefore, the consumer of high quality teas runs less risk of digestive disturbance provided the tea is made properly. The report contains a short account of some new methods of analysis which have thrown further light upon the chemistry of a cup of tea in the directions indicated.

THE GENERAL'S PORTRAIT.

Major Barrett, of Regent Hall, tells, in the "War Cry," a charming story of a woman-Soldier's devotion to General Booth. This comrade, who is personally known to him, was out walking one day when she saw, in a pawnbroker's window, a framed portrait of the Salvation Army leader. "This is no place for the General to be found," she mused, half aloud. "I must get it out." So she went inside and enquired the price. "Ten shillings and sixpence," replied the broker. "I've no ten-and-sixpence with me," said the Salvationist. But, although poor, she determined that the portrait should no longer remain in such surroundings. The only idea that came to her was to pledge her watch, and this she did, paying for the portrait with part of the proceeds and marching off in triumph with it under her arm. As soon as she could get together the ten-and-sixpence she went back and claimed her watch, and the portrait, instead of swelling the pawnbroker's stock, now adorns the entrance to Regent Hall.

THE CENTRE OF LONDON.

What is the centre of London? The ordinary man would at once say "The Bank," but there seems to have been some difference of opinion among the authorities responsible for the placing of the milestones on the trunk roads, who, in almost every instance, calculated the distance from London—and therefore one would have presumed from its centre—from a different point. On the Southern roads the favourite point is "The Standard," Cornhill, though the Royal Exchange was frequently taken. As is pointed out in the City Census Report, not only the City but East and West a large part of London is blank on the distance map.

THE IDEAL SPOT.

For instance, mileages from Windsor to Cheimsford jump from Hyde Park Corner to Whitechapel Church. Coming from the South and going North, say St. Albans, some other distances leap from Westminster Bridge to the forgotten Hicks Hall. In all there are a score of data in and out of the City from which miles were presumed to be measured. The most modern addition is the four-mile cab radius, with Charing Cross as its centre. The very sensible suggestion is therefore made in the report that as it is generally admitted that the space bounded by the Bank, Mansion House, Mappin and Webb's, and Safe Deposit is the centre of the City, and as, too, all the great roads in the kingdom may be said to start here, it is the ideal spot for a National Distance Datum.

MEN AND MATTERS.

A NEW MEMBER.

Like the leader of his party, Captain Campbell the victor of Ayr, has Canadian associations. He was born in the Dominion 35 years ago, and in the interval has seen a good deal of the world. With his regiment, the Lancashire Fusiliers, he served in Malta, the West Indies, Egypt, and South Africa, where he was awarded the D.S.O. Both in 1906 and in the two elections of 1910 he unsuccessfully fought Parliamentary seats, but he has only once previously contested the constituency he has now won. Mr. Anderson has met with the fate which befell Mr. Churchill in the famous Manchester by-election of 1908. It remains to be seen whether another seat will be found for him, as it was for Mr. Churchill, whether he will resign his appointment, as Mr. Gerald Loder did in 1908, after his defeat at Brighton, or whether he will hold his office without a seat, as was, until quite recently, the case with Mr. T. W. Russell.

A PRECEDENT.

In these days it would be impossible for the holder of an important department to be outside Parliament. But there is precedent even for that. Mr. Gladstone held the seals of the Colonial Office in Peel's Free Trade administration, although he was without a seat between his resignment from Newark in 1845 and his election for Oxford in 1847. It was for this reason that he was unable to take part in the debates on the most famous of Peel's budgets.

RIVAL STATESMEN.

Mr. Deakin has succeeded in making an important amendment in one of the leading financial clauses of the Australian State Bank Bill, which secures that it shall not take final form until after a General Election. Mr. Fisher must have made this concession with some trepidation, for, in spite of the elaborate organisation of his party, the result of the recent Referendum was anything but propitious to the prospects of his long continuance in office. He is a man of some parts, but even his warmest supporters admit that he is not of the same calibre as Mr. Deakin. Mr. Fisher is a Scot, and was born at Kilmarnock in 1862. He went to Australia in 1885, and entered the Queensland Parliament in 1892, since which time his advance as a Labour member has been rapid. Mr. Deakin, the ex-Premier, is six years senior of Mr. Fisher, and was born at Melbourne in the days when the great gold rush to Ballarat was beginning to subside.

COLONIALS IN ENGLISH POLITICS.

If Mr. Fielding Canadian ex-Minister abides by his reported decision to enter English political life, the precedent-hunters will recall omens good and bad from past political history. Mr. Bonar Law is the most conspicuous example of a Colonial's success in home politics; on the other hand, Mr. Martin, a one-time Prime Minister of British Columbia, has done nothing to increase his reputation since the was elected to our own House of Commons. Mr. Arthur Lynch, an Australian—condemned for high treason before he entered the House of Commons—took no part in Australian politics; nor did Sir Gilbert Parker in Canadian affairs. But two generations back "Bob" Lowe, whose eloquent and bitter tongue had been feared in an Australian State Parliament, rose to be Chancellor of the Exchequer in the Imperial Assembly. But Mr. Fielding will enter English politics somewhat late in life.

A POPULAR ARTIST.

Mr. J. Seymour Lucas, R.A., who has just entered on his sixty-third year, is one of those artists whose work is esteemed in almost equal measure by the connoisseur and by the man in the street. The former admires its fine technique; the latter likes it because it usually tells a story. Like so many other distinguished painters, Mr. Lucas comes of artistic stock. One of his uncles was a celebrated portrait painter in his day, and it was a son of the latter who taught him the rudiments of his art. Mr. Lucas had his first picture on the walls of Burlington House at the age of twenty-three, but it was not till some years later that his work began to attract general attention. "By Hook or Crook" was an early canvas which won much praise, though nothing to that secured by such later examples of his brush as "An Ambuscade, Edgehill," shown in 1878, and "The Armada in Sight," probably, the best known of all his pictures, which was one of the most-talked-of canvases at the exhibition of 1880. Mr. Lucas, who was elected A.R.A. in 1886 and R.A. in 1898, is the proud possessor of a splendid collection of armour and arms.

CELEBRATED CRUISES.

The big steamship combine just announced will recall memories of Sir Donald Currie, to whose labours the success of the Castle Liners was due. Currie was a favourite with most of the important men of his time, and the cruises on which he took Mr. Gladstone, Tennyson, Sir William Harcourt, and other people prominent in politics and literature have often been described. On the first of these cruises Mr. Gladstone got into something like a scrape with the Queen for having, as Prime Minister, landed on foreign soil without first advising her Majesty of his intention. It was on the "Pembroke Castle" that Sir William Harcourt perpetrated his famous mot apropos of Tennyson's "The earliest pipe of half-awakened birds." It was on this cruise, too, that Mr. Gladstone, speaking with reference to Tennyson, made that fine distinction between political and literary fame: "The words we speak have wings and fly away; the words of Mr. Tennyson are of a higher order. I anticipate for him immortality. In some distant time people will say 'The Prime Minister, who was he? What did he do? We know nothing about him, but the Pet Laureate has written his own song on the hearts of his countrymen, which can never die.'"

A TROOPER'S GRATITUDE.

The late Lord Alwyne Compton whose death was announced a week or two ago, began his career in the Grenadier Guards, and left that regiment to join the 10th Hussars. He did good service in Egypt, and signally distinguished himself in the Soudan campaign of 1884-5, incidentally saving the life of one of his men. Whereby hangs a tale. The rescued trooper swore that he would remember Lord Alwyne's services, and he kept his word, for soon after the elder Lord Alwyne Compton, the deceased's episcopal grand-uncle, had been inducted into his See he was startled to receive a letter one day offering to put him on to a sure thing for the Ascarewitch. So at least runs the story. Torloisk, the late Lord Alwyne's fine property in the island of Mull, came into the possession of the Marquis of Northampton in an interesting manner. The great-grandfather of the present peer, when a young man, met with an accident while shooting in the Highlands. He had the good fortune to be nursed by a very pretty and charming young lady, a Miss MacLean, to whose father the estate of Torloisk belonged, and, quickly falling in love, offered her marriage at once. His father, however, had other views, and therefore, in accordance with the time-honoured tradition of hard-hearted parents, sent his heir on a long journey round the world, in the hope of curing him of his infatuation. The youth went, but when he came back again he was of the same opinion still, and on his return he set off at the earliest possible moment for the Highlands, where, with the full consent of his father, who now realised that further resistance was useless he married the lady of his heart.

MR. VANDERBILT'S WEDDING.

Mr. Alfred Vanderbilt's wedding at a Registrar's office in mail week, was not only a very unusual occurrence as a wedding of this kind on a Sunday but was also in striking contrast to what was described as the "Arabian Nights" wedding on the occasion of his marriage to his first wife in 1901. The cost of this ceremony was put at over £20,000, while the value of the presents was computed at £100,000. But perhaps the greatest novelty was the bride's cake—a marvel of ingenuity made by the famous Delmonico. It was exceedingly large, and in its interior were buried all manner of costly trinkets in gold and silver which were bestowed on the guests as souvenirs.

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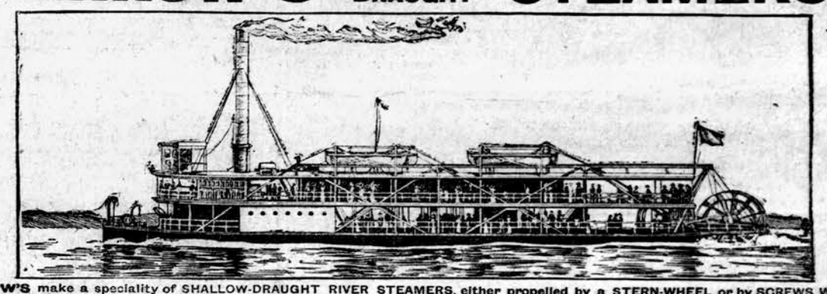

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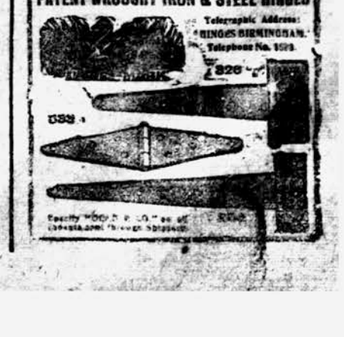

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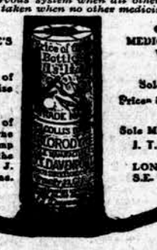

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CERTIFICATE

Dear Sir—I have much pleasure to say, that your Medicine cured me a perfect cure from hydrocele and piles from which I had been suffering for the last 12 years and my wife from the tedious increase of fairness in body which she was suffering from the same period.

I tried good many European and native Doctors but to no effect. I have full confidence in your vegetable drugs and shall be most happy to recommend to my friends.

Yours faithfully,—(Sd) H. W. WILLIAMS

Bombay, 14th Feburary 1910.

CERTIFICATE

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